## GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

 UPDATED STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS| Engineers Design Grouplnc. | Project <br> Northeast Metropolitan Regional Vocational High School |  |  |  | Job Ref.2019-091 |  |
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Project Name:

# Northeast Metropolitan Regional Vocational High School 

MSBA Module 6 Requirements:
MSBA 90\% Construction Documents - Structural Loading Calculations

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## Project Synopsis

The project is located in Wakefield, Massachusetts. The main building to be constructed consists of a four-story vocational high school near the existing Northeast Metropolitan Regional Vocational High School. The main building is comprised of four wings, named Areas A - D on the project documents. Areas A consists of the cafeteria/kitchen and acedemic rooms, Area $B$ is the main acedemic wing, Area C holds the auditorium, and Area D the gymnasium. Additional buildings to be constructed consist of a two-story locker building, a single story concessions building, and a single story pre-engineered maintainance garage building.

The majority of the structure will be steel-framed, supported by reinforced concrete foundations. The ground floor shall be constructed as a normal-weight concrete slab on grade. Each wing has a mezzanine level above the ground floor level that shall be constructed using precast concrete plank, supported by load-bearing concrete-masonry walls and reinforced concrete foundations. All suspsended floor systems above the mezzanine levels will be constructed as a light-weight concrete slab on steel deck, supported by structural steel beams and girders. The roof system in Areas A and B will consist of steel deck, supported by steel beams and girders; the main roof system in Areas $C$ and $D$ will consist of steel deck, supported by openweb steel joists.

The main structure's lateral force resisting system shall mainly consist of ordinary concentric steel braced frames, comprised of hollow-structural steel members. Reinforced concrete-masonry shear walls will be used throughout the building as well. The structure will have an expansion joint, separating Areas A and B from Areas C and D. The combined lateral force resisting system will be designed to resist the loads imparted on the structure from local wind and seismic forces per applicable design codes.

The two-story locker building structure will consist of structural steel beams, supported by load-bearing concrete-masonry walls and reinforced concrete foundations. The ground floor shall be constructed as a normal-weight concrete slab on grade. The second floor system will be constructed as a light-weight concrete slab on deck, supported by steel beams and girders. The roof system will consist of steel deck, supported by steel beams and girders.

The single-story concessions building will consist of pre-fabricated wood trusses, supported by load-bearing reinforced masonry walls and reinforced concrete foundations. The ground floor shall be constructed as a normal-weight concrete slab on grade. The roof system will consist of plywood sheathing, spanning over wood trusses and masonry walls on all sides.

The maintainance garage building will consist of a pre-engineered steel frame superstructure, supported on reinforced concrete foundations. The ground floor shall be constructed as a normal-weight concrete slab on grade. The roof system will consist of steel deck, supported by continuous steel ' $Z$ '-shaped purlins, spanning between steel frames.

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## Design Codes

1. Massachusetts State Building Code, $9^{\text {th }}$ Edition
2. International Building Code, 2015 Edition
3. ASCE 7-10: Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures
4. ACI 318-14: Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete
5. ACI 530-13: Building Code Requirements for Masonry Structures
6. AISC 360-10: Specification for Structural Steel Buildings
7. Other codes as required by the design codes listed above

## Geotechnical Recommendations for Foundation Analysis and Design

The foundation design for this project shall be done with the recommendations from the soils investigations performed by Lahlaf Geotechnical Consulting, Inc from June, 2021. Their report recommended a maximum net allowable bearing pressure of 4,000 pounds per square-foot to be used for the design of the structure's foundations.

## Project Materials and Strengths

Concrete:

Reinforcing Steel:
a. Foundations
4500 psi
b. Slab-on-Grade
4000 psi
c. Composite Slab-on-Steel Deck
4000 psi
d. Exterior Concrete
5000 psi

ASTM A615, Grade 60
ASTM A185 for Welded Wire Reinforcing
Structural Steel:
ASTM A992, Grade 50
Steel Channels:
Steel Plates, Bars, Angles, etc.:
ASTM A36
ASTM A36
Hollow Structural Steel Sections:
ASTM A500, Grade B
Structural Pipes:
ASTM A53, Grade B or ASTM A501
High-Strength Bolts:
ASTM A325-N

Steel Deck:
Concrete-Masonry Units:
Grout:

Mortar:
ASTM A653 (Galvanized Deck)
ASTM C90, Grade N, Type I, 2000 psi
ASTM C476, 2500 psi
ASTM C270, Type S, 1800 psi

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## Dead and Live Loading Criteria

Design Dead Loads:
Typical Floor Loading on Composite Deck:

| $51 / 4 "$ Light-Weight Concrete | 42 psf |
| :--- | ---: |
| $2 " \mathrm{x} 20$-Gauge Composite Steel Deck | 3 psf |
| Mechanical/ Electrical/ Plumbing | 10 psf |
| Miscellaneous | 5 psf |


| Typical Roof Loading on Steel Deck: |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $3 " \mathrm{x} 20-\mathrm{Gauge}$ Type NS or NSA Steel Deck | 3 psf |
| Roofing and Insulation | 7 psf |
| Mechanical/ Electrical/ Plumbing | 10 psf |
| Photovoltaic Panels | 15 psf |
| Miscellaneous | 5 psf |
|  | $\sum \mathbf{3 5} \mathbf{~ p s f}$ |


| Roof Loading on Mechanical Roof Pads: |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| 4 " Normal-Weight Concrete | 67 psf |
| $3 " x$ 20-Gauge Composite Steel Deck | 3 psf |
| Mechanical/ Electrical/ Plumbing | 10 psf |

## Design Live Loads:

Classrooms with Partitions
Reading Rooms
Corridors (First Floor)
Corridors (Above First Floor)
Lobbies
Assembly/Public Gathering Areas
Stairs
Storage (Light)
Storage (Mechanical Equipment)
Roof (Live)
$40 \mathrm{psf}+15 \mathrm{psf}$ (Reducible)
60 psf (Reducible)
100 psf (Reducible)
80 psf (Reducible)
100 psf (Non-Reducible)
100 psf (Non-Reducible)
100 psf (Non-Reducible)
125 psf (Non-Reducible)
150 psf (Non-Reducible)
20 psf (Non-Reducible)

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## Snow Loading Criteria

## Building details

Roof type;
Width of roof;

## Ground snow load

Ground snow load;
Density of snow (Figure 7-1);
Terrain typeSect. 26.7;
Exposure condition (Table 7-2);
Exposure factor (Table 7-2);
Thermal condition (Table 7-3);
Thermal factor (Table 7-3);
Importance category (Table 1.5-1);
Importance factor (Table 1.5-2);
Min snow load for low slope roofs (Sect 7.3.4);
Flat roof snow load (Sect 7.3);

Flat
$\mathrm{b}=\mathbf{6 4 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{g}}=\mathbf{5 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\gamma=\min \left(0.13 \times \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{g}} / 1 \mathrm{ft}+14 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}, 30 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}\right)=\mathbf{2 0 . 5 0} \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}$
B
Partially exposed
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{e}}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$
All
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$
III
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{s}}=\mathbf{1 . 1 0}$
$\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{f}_{-} \min }=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{s}} \times 20 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{2}=\mathbf{2 2 . 0 0} \mathbf{l b} / \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.7 \times \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{e}} \times \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}} \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{s}} \times \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{g}}=\mathbf{3 8 . 5 0} \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{2}$

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## Wind Loading Criteria

## Areas A and B

[In accordance with ASCE7-10]

## *Using the directional design method

## Building data

Type of roof;
Flat
Length of building;
$\mathrm{b}=470.00 \mathrm{ft}$
Width of building;
$\mathrm{d}=\mathbf{2 0 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$
Height to eaves;
Mean height;
$\mathrm{H}=\mathbf{6 2 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{h}=\mathbf{6 2 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$

## General wind load requirements

Basic wind speed;
Risk category;
Velocity pressure exponent coef (Table 26.6-1);
$\mathrm{V}=\mathbf{1 3 7 . 0} \mathrm{mph}$
III

Exposure category (cl 26.7.3);
$\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{d}}=\mathbf{0 . 8 5}$

Enposure cation (cl.26.10);
Enclosure classification (cl.26.10); Enclosed buildings
Internal pressure coef + ve (Table 26.11-1);
$\mathrm{GC}_{\text {pi_p }}=\mathbf{0 . 1 8}$
Internal pressure coef-ve (Table 26.11-1);
$\mathrm{GC}_{\text {pi_n }}=\mathbf{- 0 . 1 8}$
Gust effect factor;
Minimum design wind loading (cl.27.4.7);
$\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{f}}=\mathbf{0 . 8 5}$
$\mathrm{p}_{\text {min_r }}=8 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{2}$

## Topography

Topography factor not significant;
Velocity pressure equation;
$\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{zt}}=1.0$
$\mathrm{q}=0.00256 \times \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{z}} \times \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{zt}} \times \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{d}} \times \mathrm{V}^{2} \times 1 \mathrm{psf} / \mathrm{mph}^{2} ;$

Velocity pressures table

| $\mathbf{z}(\mathbf{f t})$ | $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{z}}$ (Table 27.3-1) | $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{z}} \mathbf{( \mathbf { p s f } )}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15.00 | 0.85 | 34.72 |
| 30.00 | 0.98 | 40.02 |
| 45.00 | 1.07 | 43.50 |
| 62.00 | 1.14 | 46.48 |

## Peak velocity pressure for internal pressure

Peak velocity pressure - internal (as roof press.); $\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{i}}=\mathbf{4 6 . 4 8} \mathrm{psf}$

## Pressures and forces

Net pressure;
$\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{q} \times \mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{f}} \times \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{pe}}-\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{i}} \times \mathrm{GC}_{\mathrm{pi}} ;$

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Net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{p} \times \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{ref}} ;$

Roof load case 1 - Wind 0, GC $_{\text {pi }} 0.18,-\mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left(\mathbf{f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s )}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A (-ve) | 62.00 | -0.90 | 46.48 | -43.92 | 14570.00 | -639.93 |
| B (-ve) | 62.00 | -0.90 | 46.48 | -43.92 | 14570.00 | -639.93 |
| C (-ve) | 62.00 | -0.50 | 46.48 | -28.12 | 29140.00 | -819.38 |
| D (-ve) | 62.00 | -0.30 | 46.48 | -20.22 | 35720.00 | -722.18 |

Total vertical net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{v}}=\mathbf{- 2 8 2 1 . 4 2} \mathrm{kips}$
Total horizontal net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{kips}$

Walls load case 1 - Wind 0, GC $_{\text {pi }} \mathbf{0 . 1 8 , ~ - ~} \mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> ${\text { coefficient } \mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}}$Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | 15.00 | 0.80 | 34.72 | 15.24 | 7050.00 | 107.44 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{2}$ | 30.00 | 0.80 | 40.02 | 18.85 | 7050.00 | 132.90 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{3}$ | 45.00 | 0.80 | 43.50 | 21.21 | 7050.00 | 149.54 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{4}$ | 62.00 | 0.80 | 46.48 | 23.24 | 7990.00 | 185.68 |
| B | 62.00 | -0.50 | 46.48 | -28.12 | 29140.00 | -819.38 |
| C | 62.00 | -0.70 | 46.48 | -36.02 | 12400.00 | -446.65 |
| D | 62.00 | -0.70 | 46.48 | -36.02 | 12400.00 | -446.65 |

## Overall loading

Projected vertical plan area of wall;
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_w_0 }}=\mathrm{b} \times \mathrm{H}=\mathbf{2 9 1 4 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
Projected vertical area of roof;
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_r} \mathrm{I}^{2}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
Minimum overall horizontal loading;

Leeward net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wB}}=\mathbf{- 8 1 9 . 4} \mathbf{~ k i p s}$
Windward net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 2}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 3}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} \_4}=575.6 \mathrm{kips}$
Overall horizontal loading;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total }}=\max \left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}-\mathrm{F}_{1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}, \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total_min }}\right)=\mathbf{1 3 9 4 . 9}$ kips

Roof load case 2 - Wind 0, GC $_{\text {pi }} \mathbf{- 0 . 1 8 , ~} \mathbf{- 0} \mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s )}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 62.00 | -0.18 | 46.48 | 1.25 | 14570.00 | 18.28 |


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| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $\mathbf{( f t )}$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{r e f}}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s )}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{B}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 62.00 | -0.18 | 46.48 | 1.25 | 14570.00 | 18.28 |
| $\mathrm{C}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 62.00 | -0.18 | 46.48 | 1.25 | 29140.00 | 36.57 |
| $\mathrm{D}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 62.00 | -0.18 | 46.48 | 1.25 | 35720.00 | 44.82 |

Total vertical net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{v}}=117.96 \mathrm{kips}$
Total horizontal net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{kips}$

Walls load case 2 - Wind 0, GC $_{\text {pi }} \mathbf{- 0 . 1 8 , ~} \mathbf{- 0} \mathrm{c}_{\text {pe }}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> ${\text { coefficient } \mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}}$Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | 15.00 | 0.80 | 34.72 | 31.97 | 7050.00 | 225.40 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{2}$ | 30.00 | 0.80 | 40.02 | 35.58 | 7050.00 | 250.86 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{3}$ | 45.00 | 0.80 | 43.50 | 37.94 | 7050.00 | 267.50 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{4}$ | 62.00 | 0.80 | 46.48 | 39.97 | 7990.00 | 319.37 |
| B | 62.00 | -0.50 | 46.48 | -11.39 | 29140.00 | -331.82 |
| C | 62.00 | -0.70 | 46.48 | -19.29 | 12400.00 | -239.17 |
| D | 62.00 | -0.70 | 46.48 | -19.29 | 12400.00 | -239.17 |

## Overall loading

Projected vertical plan area of wall;
Projected vertical area of roof;
Minimum overall horizontal loading;
Leeward net force;
Windward net force;
Overall horizontal loading;
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_w_ } 0}=\mathrm{b} \times \mathrm{H}=\mathbf{2 9 1 4 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_r_} 0}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$

$\mathrm{F}_{1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wB}}=\mathbf{- 3 3 1 . 8} \mathbf{~ k i p s}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 2}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 3}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} 4}=1063.1 \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total }}=\max \left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}-\mathrm{F}_{1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}, \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total_min }}\right)=\mathbf{1 3 9 4 . 9}$ kips

Roof load case 3 - Wind 90, GC pi $^{0.18, ~-c_{p e}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{r e f}}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A (-ve) | 62.00 | -0.90 | 46.48 | -43.92 | 6200.00 | -272.31 |
| B (-ve) | 62.00 | -0.90 | 46.48 | -43.92 | 6200.00 | -272.31 |
| C (-ve) | 62.00 | -0.50 | 46.48 | -28.12 | 12400.00 | -348.67 |
| D (-ve) | 62.00 | -0.30 | 46.48 | -20.22 | 69200.00 | -1399.06 |

Total vertical net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{v}}=\mathbf{- 2 2 9 2 . 3 6}$ kips

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Total horizontal net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{kips}$

Walls load case 3 - Wind 90, GC $_{\text {pi }} 0.18$, $-\mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{r e f}}$ <br> $\left(\mathbf{f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s )}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | 15.00 | 0.80 | 34.72 | 15.24 | 3000.00 | 45.72 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{2}$ | 30.00 | 0.80 | 40.02 | 18.85 | 3000.00 | 56.55 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{3}$ | 45.00 | 0.80 | 43.50 | 21.21 | 3000.00 | 63.63 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{4}$ | 62.00 | 0.80 | 46.48 | 23.24 | 3400.00 | 79.01 |
| B | 62.00 | -0.28 | 46.48 | -19.53 | 12400.00 | -242.13 |
| C | 62.00 | -0.70 | 46.48 | -36.02 | 29140.00 | -1049.62 |
| D | 62.00 | -0.70 | 46.48 | -36.02 | 29140.00 | -1049.62 |

## Overall loading

Projected vertical plan area of wall;
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_w_90 }}=\mathrm{d} \times \mathrm{H}=\mathbf{1 2 4 0 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
Projected vertical area of roof;
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_r_}} \mathrm{g}_{0}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
Minimum overall horizontal loading;

Leeward net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wB}}=\mathbf{- 2 4 2 . 1} \mathrm{kips}$
Windward net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} A_{-} 1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} \mathrm{A}_{-} 2}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 3}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 4}=244.9 \mathrm{kips}$
Overall horizontal loading;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total }}=\max \left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}-\mathrm{F}_{1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}, \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total_min }}\right)=487.0 \mathrm{kips}$

Roof load case 4 - Wind 90, GC $_{\text {pi }}-\mathbf{0 . 1 8},+\mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> ${\text { coefficient } \mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}}$Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left(\mathbf{f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 62.00 | -0.18 | 46.48 | 1.25 | 6200.00 | 7.78 |
| $\mathrm{~B}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 62.00 | -0.18 | 46.48 | 1.25 | 6200.00 | 7.78 |
| $\mathrm{C}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 62.00 | -0.18 | 46.48 | 1.25 | 12400.00 | 15.56 |
| $\mathrm{D}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 62.00 | -0.18 | 46.48 | 1.25 | 69200.00 | 86.84 |

Total vertical net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{v}}=117.96 \mathrm{kips}$
Total horizontal net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{kips}$

Walls load case 4 - Wind 90, GC $_{\text {pi }} \mathbf{- 0 . 1 8 , ~}+\mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{r e f}}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s )}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | 15.00 | 0.80 | 34.72 | 31.97 | 3000.00 | 95.92 |


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|  | Section |  |  |  | Sheet no./rev.$11$ |  |
|  | Calc. by <br> AA | Date $07 / 20 / 2022$ | Chk'd by <br> MD | Date $07 / 27 / 2022$ | App'd by <br> MD | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Date } \\ 12 / 19 / 2022 \end{array}$ |


| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ | 30.00 | 0.80 | 40.02 | 35.58 | 3000.00 | 106.75 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{3}$ | 45.00 | 0.80 | 43.50 | 37.94 | 3000.00 | 113.83 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{4}$ | 62.00 | 0.80 | 46.48 | 39.97 | 3400.00 | 135.90 |
| B | 62.00 | -0.28 | 46.48 | -2.79 | 12400.00 | -34.65 |
| C | 62.00 | -0.70 | 46.48 | -19.29 | 29140.00 | -562.06 |
| D | 62.00 | -0.70 | 46.48 | -19.29 | 29140.00 | -562.06 |

## Overall loading

Projected vertical plan area of wall;
Projected vertical area of roof;
Minimum overall horizontal loading;
Leeward net force;
Windward net force;
Overall horizontal loading;

## Areas C and D

$A_{\text {vert_w_90 }}=\mathrm{d} \times \mathrm{H}=\mathbf{1 2 4 0 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_r_}}{ }^{90}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$

$\mathrm{F}_{1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wB}}=\mathbf{- 3 4 . 7} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} \_1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{\_} 2}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 3}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} \_4}=\mathbf{4 5 2 . 4} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total }}=\max \left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}-\mathrm{F}_{1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}, \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total_min }}\right)=487.0$ kips
[In accordance with ASCE 7-10]

## *Using the directional design method

## Building data

Type of roof;
Length of building;
Width of building;
Height to eaves;
Mean height;
Flat
$\mathrm{b}=285.00 \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{d}=\mathbf{2 0 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{H}=\mathbf{8 2 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{h}=\mathbf{8 2 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$

## General wind load requirements

Basic wind speed;
Risk category;
Velocity pressure exponent coef (Table 26.6-1);
Exposure category (cl 26.7.3);
Enclosure classification (cl.26.10);
Internal pressure coef + ve (Table 26.11-1);
Internal pressure coef-ve (Table 26.11-1);
Gust effect factor;
$\mathrm{V}=\mathbf{1 3 7 . 0} \mathrm{mph}$
III
$\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{d}}=\mathbf{0 . 8 5}$
C
Enclosed buildings
$\mathrm{GC}_{\mathrm{pi} \_\mathrm{p}}=\mathbf{0 . 1 8}$
$\mathrm{GC}_{\text {pi_n }}=\mathbf{- 0 . 1 8}$
$\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{f}}=\mathbf{0 . 8 5}$

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## Topography

Topography factor not significant;
Velocity pressure equation;
$\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{zt}}=1.0$

Velocity pressures table

| $\mathbf{z}(\mathbf{f t})$ | $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{z}}$ (Table 27.3-1) | $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{z}} \mathbf{( p s f )}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15.00 | 0.85 | 34.72 |
| 40.00 | 1.04 | 42.47 |
| 60.00 | 1.13 | 46.15 |
| 82.00 | 1.22 | 49.66 |

## Peak velocity pressure for internal pressure

Peak velocity pressure - internal (as roof press.); $\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{i}}=\mathbf{4 9 . 6 6} \mathrm{psf}$
Pressures and forces
Net pressure; $\quad \mathrm{p}=\mathrm{q} \times \mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{f}} \times \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{pe}}-\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{i}} \times \mathrm{GC}_{\mathrm{pi}}$;
Net force; $\quad \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{p} \times \mathrm{A}_{\text {ref }}$;

Roof load case 1 - Wind 0, GC $_{\text {pi }} 0.18,-c_{p e}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> ${\text { coefficient } \mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}}$Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s )}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A (-ve) | 82.00 | -0.90 | 49.66 | -46.93 | 11685.00 | -548.40 |
| B (-ve) | 82.00 | -0.90 | 49.66 | -46.93 | 11685.00 | -548.40 |
| C (-ve) | 82.00 | -0.50 | 49.66 | -30.05 | 23370.00 | -702.18 |
| D (-ve) | 82.00 | -0.30 | 49.66 | -21.60 | 10260.00 | -221.65 |

Total vertical net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{v}}=\mathbf{- 2 0 2 0 . 6 2} \mathrm{kips}$
Total horizontal net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{kips}$

Walls load case 1 - Wind 0, GC $_{\text {pi }} \mathbf{0 . 1 8},-\mathbf{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | 15.00 | 0.80 | 34.72 | 14.67 | 4275.00 | 62.70 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{2}$ | 40.00 | 0.80 | 42.47 | 19.94 | 7125.00 | 142.10 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{3}$ | 60.00 | 0.80 | 46.15 | 22.44 | 5700.00 | 127.93 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{4}$ | 82.00 | 0.80 | 49.66 | 24.83 | 6270.00 | 155.69 |
| B | 82.00 | -0.50 | 49.66 | -30.05 | 23370.00 | -702.18 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Section <br> MSBA 90\% Construction Document Submission |  |  |  | Sheet no./rev. |  |
|  | Calc. by <br> AA | Date $07 / 20 / 2022$ | Chk'd by | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Date } \\ 07 / 27 / 2022 \end{array}$ | App'd by | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Date } \\ 12 / 19 / 2022 \end{array}$ |


| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $\mathbf{( f t )}$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | 82.00 | -0.70 | 49.66 | -38.49 | 16400.00 | -631.22 |
| D | 82.00 | -0.70 | 49.66 | -38.49 | 16400.00 | -631.22 |

## Overall loading

Projected vertical plan area of wall;
Projected vertical area of roof;
Minimum overall horizontal loading;
Leeward net force;
Windward net force;
Overall horizontal loading;
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_w- } 0}=\mathrm{b} \times \mathrm{H}=\mathbf{2 3 3 7 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_r_} 0}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total_min }}=\mathrm{p}_{\text {min_w }} \times \mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_w_0 }}+\mathrm{p}_{\text {min_r } \times \mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_r_ } 0}=\mathbf{3 7 3 . 9 2} \text { kips }, ~}^{\text {kin }}$
$\mathrm{F}_{1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wB}}=\mathbf{- 7 0 2 . 2} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 2}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 3}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} \_4}=488.4 \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total }}=\max \left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}-\mathrm{F}_{1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}, \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total_min }}\right)=\mathbf{1 1 9 0 . 6}$ kips

Roof load case 2 - Wind $0, G C_{p i} \mathbf{- 0 . 1 8 , ~} \mathbf{- 0} \mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> (ft) | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left(\mathbf{f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 82.00 | -0.18 | 49.66 | 1.34 | 11685.00 | 15.67 |
| $\mathrm{~B}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 82.00 | -0.18 | 49.66 | 1.34 | 11685.00 | 15.67 |
| $\mathrm{C}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 82.00 | -0.18 | 49.66 | 1.34 | 23370.00 | 31.34 |
| $\mathrm{D}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 82.00 | -0.18 | 49.66 | 1.34 | 10260.00 | 13.76 |

Total vertical net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{v}}=76.43 \mathrm{kips}$
Total horizontal net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{kips}$

Walls load case 2 - Wind 0, GC $_{\text {pi }}-\mathbf{0 . 1 8 , ~}-\mathbf{0} \mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | 15.00 | 0.80 | 34.72 | 32.55 | 4275.00 | 139.13 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{2}$ | 40.00 | 0.80 | 42.47 | 37.82 | 7125.00 | 269.48 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{3}$ | 60.00 | 0.80 | 46.15 | 40.32 | 5700.00 | 229.83 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{4}$ | 82.00 | 0.80 | 49.66 | 42.71 | 6270.00 | 267.79 |
| B | 82.00 | -0.50 | 49.66 | -12.17 | 23370.00 | -284.35 |
| C | 82.00 | -0.70 | 49.66 | -20.61 | 16400.00 | -338.01 |
| D | 82.00 | -0.70 | 49.66 | -20.61 | 16400.00 | -338.01 |


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|  | Calc. by <br> AA | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Date } \\ & 07 / 20 / 2022 \end{aligned}$ | Chk'd by <br> MD | Date $07 / 27 / 2022$ | App'd by <br> MD | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Date } \\ 12 / 19 / 2022 \end{array}$ |

## Overall loading

Projected vertical plan area of wall;
Projected vertical area of roof;
Minimum overall horizontal loading;
Leeward net force;
Windward net force;
Overall horizontal loading;
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_w_ } 0}=\mathrm{b} \times \mathrm{H}=\mathbf{2 3 3 7 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_r}-0}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total_min }}=\mathrm{p}_{\text {min_w }} \times \mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_w_0 }}+\mathrm{p}_{\text {min_r }} \times \mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_r_ } 0}=\mathbf{3 7 3 . 9 2} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{F}_{1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wB}}=\mathbf{- 2 8 4 . 4} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 2}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 3}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 4}=\mathbf{9 0 6 . 2} \mathbf{~ k i p s}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total }}=\max \left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}-\mathrm{F}_{1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}, \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total_min }}\right)=\mathbf{1 1 9 0 . 6} \mathrm{kips}$

Roof load case 3 - Wind 90, GC pi $_{\text {pi }} \mathbf{0 . 1 8 , ~ - ~} \mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A (-ve) | 82.00 | -0.90 | 49.66 | -46.93 | 8200.00 | -384.84 |
| B (-ve) | 82.00 | -0.90 | 49.66 | -46.93 | 8200.00 | -384.84 |
| C (-ve) | 82.00 | -0.50 | 49.66 | -30.05 | 16400.00 | -492.76 |
| D (-ve) | 82.00 | -0.30 | 49.66 | -21.60 | 24200.00 | -522.80 |

Total vertical net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{v}}=\mathbf{- 1 7 8 5 . 2 4}$ kips
Total horizontal net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{kips}$

Walls load case 3 - Wind 90, GC pi $^{\text {0.18, }}$ - $\mathbf{c}_{\text {pe }}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | 15.00 | 0.80 | 34.72 | 14.67 | 3000.00 | 44.00 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{2}$ | 40.00 | 0.80 | 42.47 | 19.94 | 5000.00 | 99.72 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{3}$ | 60.00 | 0.80 | 46.15 | 22.44 | 4000.00 | 89.77 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{4}$ | 82.00 | 0.80 | 49.66 | 24.83 | 4400.00 | 109.26 |
| B | 82.00 | -0.41 | 49.66 | -26.46 | 16400.00 | -433.91 |
| C | 82.00 | -0.70 | 49.66 | -38.49 | 23370.00 | -899.49 |
| D | 82.00 | -0.70 | 49.66 | -38.49 | 23370.00 | -899.49 |

## Overall loading

Projected vertical plan area of wall;
$A_{\text {vert_w_90 }}=\mathrm{d} \times \mathrm{H}=\mathbf{1 6 4 0 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
Projected vertical area of roof;
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_r_}} \mathrm{g}_{0}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
Minimum overall horizontal loading;

Leeward net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wB}}=\mathbf{- 4 3 3 . 9} \mathrm{kips}$

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| Windward net force; | $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} \_1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} \_2}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} \_3}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} \_4}=\mathbf{3 4 2 . 8}$ kips |
| :--- | :--- |
| Overall horizontal loading; | $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{total}}=\max \left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}-\mathrm{F}_{1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}, \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total_min }}\right)=\mathbf{7 7 6 . 7} \mathrm{kips}$ |

Roof load case 4 - Wind 90, GC $_{\text {pi }}-\mathbf{0 . 1 8},+\mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s )}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 82.00 | -0.18 | 49.66 | 1.34 | 8200.00 | 11.00 |
| $\mathrm{~B}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 82.00 | -0.18 | 49.66 | 1.34 | 8200.00 | 11.00 |
| $\mathrm{C}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 82.00 | -0.18 | 49.66 | 1.34 | 16400.00 | 21.99 |
| $\mathrm{D}(+\mathrm{ve})$ | 82.00 | -0.18 | 49.66 | 1.34 | 24200.00 | 32.45 |

Total vertical net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{v}}=76.43 \mathrm{kips}$
Total horizontal net force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{kips}$

Walls load case 4 - Wind 90, GC pi $^{\mathbf{-}} \mathbf{- 0 . 1 8 , ~}+\mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{pe}}$

| Zone | Ref. <br> height <br> $(\mathbf{f t})$ | Ext pressure <br> coefficient $\mathbf{c}_{\mathbf{p e}}$ | Peak velocity <br> pressure $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Net pressure <br> $\mathbf{p}$ <br> $(\mathbf{p s f})$ | Area <br> $\mathbf{A}_{\text {ref }}$ <br> $\left.\mathbf{( f t}^{2}\right)$ | Net force <br> $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{w}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{k i p s})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | 15.00 | 0.80 | 34.72 | 32.55 | 3000.00 | 97.64 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{2}$ | 40.00 | 0.80 | 42.47 | 37.82 | 5000.00 | 189.11 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{3}$ | 60.00 | 0.80 | 46.15 | 40.32 | 4000.00 | 161.29 |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{4}$ | 82.00 | 0.80 | 49.66 | 42.71 | 4400.00 | 187.93 |
| B | 82.00 | -0.41 | 49.66 | -8.58 | 16400.00 | -140.70 |
| C | 82.00 | -0.70 | 49.66 | -20.61 | 23370.00 | -481.66 |
| D | 82.00 | -0.70 | 49.66 | -20.61 | 23370.00 | -481.66 |

## Overall loading

Projected vertical plan area of wall;
Projected vertical area of roof;
Minimum overall horizontal loading;
Leeward net force;
Windward net force;
Overall horizontal loading;
$A_{\text {vert_w_90 }}=\mathrm{d} \times \mathrm{H}=\mathbf{1 6 4 0 0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {vert_r_} \quad 90}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$

$\mathrm{F}_{1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wB}}=\mathbf{- 1 4 0 . 7} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA} \_1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 2}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}_{-} 3}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{wA}-4}=636.0 \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total }}=\max \left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}}-\mathrm{F}_{1}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \mathrm{h}}, \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{w}, \text { total_min }}\right)=\mathbf{7 7 6 . 7} \mathrm{kips}$

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## Seismic Loading Calculations

## Areas A and B

[In accordance with ASCE 7-10]

## Site parameters

Site class;
D
Mapped acceleration parameters (Section 11.4.1)
at short period;
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{S}}=\mathbf{0 . 2 5}$
at 1 sec period;
$\mathrm{S}_{1}=\mathbf{0 . 0 8}$
Site coefficientat short period (Table 11.4-1);
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{a}}=\mathbf{1 . 6 0 0}$
at 1 sec period (Table 11.4-2);
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{v}}=\mathbf{2 . 4 0 0}$

## Spectral response acceleration parameters

at short period (Eq. 11.4-1);
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{MS}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{a}} \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{S}}=\mathbf{0 . 4 0 0}$
at 1 sec period (Eq. 11.4-2);
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{M} 1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{v}} \times \mathrm{S}_{1}=\mathbf{0 . 1 9 2}$

## Design spectral acceleration parameters (Sect 11.4.4)

at short period (Eq. 11.4-3);
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}}=2 / 3 \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{MS}}=\mathbf{0 . 2 6 7}$
at 1 sec period (Eq. 11.4-4);
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{D} 1}=2 / 3 \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{M} 1}=\mathbf{0 . 1 2 8}$

## Seismic design category

Risk category (Table 1.5-1);
III

Seismic design category based on short period response acceleration (Table 11.6-1)
B
Seismic design category based on 1 sec period response acceleration (Table 11.6-2)
B
Seismic design category;
B

## Approximate fundamental period

Height above base to highest level of building; $\quad h_{n}=\mathbf{6 2} \mathrm{ft}$

From Table 12.8-2:
Structure type;
All other systems
Building period parameter $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}}$;
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 2}$
Building period parameter x ;
$\mathrm{x}=\mathbf{0 . 7 5}$

Approximate fundamental period (Eq 12.8-7);
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}} \times\left(\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{n}}\right)^{\mathrm{x}} \times 1 \mathrm{sec} /(1 \mathrm{ft})^{\mathrm{x}}=\mathbf{0} .442 \mathrm{sec}$
Building fundamental period (Sect 12.8.2);
Long-period transition period;
$\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}=\mathbf{0 . 4 4 2} \mathrm{sec}$

Seismic response coefficient
Seismic force-resisting system (Table 12.2-1);
B_BUILDING_FRAME_SYSTEMS
3. Ordinary steel concentrically braced frames

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```
Response modification factor (Table 12.2-1); \(\quad \mathrm{R}=\mathbf{3 . 2 5}\)
Seismic importance factor (Table 1.5-2);
\(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}}=1.250\)
Seismic response coefficient (Sect 12.8.1.1)
Calculated (Eq 12.8-2);
\(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}_{\text {_calc }}}=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}} /\left(\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 1 0 2 6}\)
Maximum (Eq 12.8-3);
\(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}_{-} \max }=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{D} 1} /\left((\mathrm{T} / 1 \mathrm{sec}) \times\left(\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}}\right)\right)=\mathbf{0 . 1 1 1 4}\)
Minimum (Eq 12.8-5);
\(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}^{2} \min }=\max \left(0.044 \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}}, 0.01\right)=\mathbf{0 . 0 1 4 7}\)
\(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}=\mathbf{0 . 1 0 2 6}\)
Seismic base shear (Sect 12.8.1)
Effective seismic weight of the structure;
\(\mathrm{W}=19660.0 \mathrm{kips}\)
Seismic response coefficient;
\(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}=\mathbf{0 . 1 0 2 6}\)
Seismic base shear (Eq 12.8-1);
\(\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}} \times \mathrm{W}=\mathbf{2 0 1 6 . 4} \mathrm{kips}\)
```


## Areas C and D

[In accordance with ASCE 7-10]

## Site parameters

Site class;
D
Mapped acceleration parameters (Section 11.4.1)
at short period;
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{S}}=\mathbf{0 . 2 5}$
at 1 sec period;
$\mathrm{S}_{1}=0.08$
Site coefficientat short period (Table 11.4-1);
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{a}}=\mathbf{1 . 6 0 0}$
at 1 sec period (Table 11.4-2);
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{v}}=\mathbf{2 . 4 0 0}$
Spectral response acceleration parameters
at short period (Eq. 11.4-1);
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{MS}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{a}} \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{S}}=\mathbf{0 . 4 0 0}$
at 1 sec period (Eq. 11.4-2);
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{M} 1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{v}} \times \mathrm{S}_{1}=\mathbf{0 . 1 9 2}$

## Design spectral acceleration parameters (Sect 11.4.4)

at short period (Eq. 11.4-3);
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}}=2 / 3 \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{MS}}=\mathbf{0 . 2 6 7}$
at 1 sec period (Eq. 11.4-4);
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{D} 1}=2 / 3 \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{M} 1}=\mathbf{0 . 1 2 8}$

## Seismic design category

Risk category (Table 1.5-1);
III

Seismic design category based on short period response acceleration (Table 11.6-1)
B
Seismic design category based on 1 sec period response acceleration (Table 11.6-2)
B
Seismic design category;
B

## Approximate fundamental period

Height above base to highest level of building; $\quad h_{n}=\mathbf{8 2} \mathrm{ft}$

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From Table 12.8-2:

Structure type;
Building period parameter $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}}$;
Building period parameter x ;

Approximate fundamental period (Eq 12.8-7);
Building fundamental period (Sect 12.8.2);
Long-period transition period;

## Seismic response coefficient

Seismic force-resisting system (Table 12.2-1);

Response modification factor (Table 12.2-1);
Seismic importance factor (Table 1.5-2);
Seismic response coefficient (Sect 12.8.1.1)
Calculated (Eq 12.8-2);
Maximum (Eq 12.8-3);
Minimum (Eq 12.8-5);
Seismic response coefficient;
Seismic base shear (Sect 12.8.1)
Effective seismic weight of the structure;
Seismic response coefficient;
Seismic base shear (Eq 12.8-1);

All other systems
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 2}$
$\mathrm{x}=0.75$
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}} \times\left(\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{n}}\right)^{\mathrm{x}} \times \square 1 \mathrm{sec} /(1 \mathrm{ft})^{\mathrm{x}}=\mathbf{0 . 5 4 5} \mathrm{sec}$
$\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}=\mathbf{0 . 5 4 5} \mathrm{sec}$
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathbf{1 2} \mathrm{sec}$

B_BUILDING_FRAME_SYSTEMS
3. Ordinary steel concentrically braced frames
$\mathrm{R}=\mathbf{3 . 2 5}$
$I_{\text {e }}=\mathbf{1 . 2 5 0}$
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}_{\text {_calc }}}=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}} /\left(\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 1 0 2 6}$
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}_{-} \max }=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{D} 1} /\left((\mathrm{T} / 1 \mathrm{sec}) \times\left(\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}}\right)\right)=\mathbf{0 . 0 9 0 3}$
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{S}_{-} \min }=\max \left(0.044 \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}}, 0.01\right)=\mathbf{0 . 0 1 4 7}$
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 9 0 3}$
$\mathrm{W}=9390.0 \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 9 0 3}$
$\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}} \times \mathrm{W}=\mathbf{8 4 8 . 2}$ kips

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## Sample Gravity Analysis and Design Calculations

## 1. Sample Steel Roof Beam

[In accordance with AISC360-16 using the LRFD method]

## Support conditions

Support A

Support B

Applied loading

Beam loads | Dead self weight of beam $\times 1$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Dead full UDL $0.35 \mathrm{kips} / \mathrm{ft}$ |
|  | Snow full UDL $0.4 \mathrm{kips} / \mathrm{ft}$ |
|  | Roof Live full UDL $0.2 \mathrm{kips} / \mathrm{ft}$ |

## Load combinations

Load combination 1 - Full

## Analysis results

Maximum moment;
Maximum shear;
Deflection;
Maximum reaction at support A;
Unfactored dead load reaction at support A;
Unfactored snow load reaction at support A;
Unfactored roof live load reaction at support A;
Maximum reaction at support B;
Unfactored dead load reaction at support B;
Unfactored snow load reaction at support B;

| Support A | Dead $\times 1.20$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Live $\times 1.60$ |
|  | Snow $\times 1.60$ |
|  | Roof Live $\times 1.60$ |
|  | Dead $\times 1.20$ |
|  | Live $\times 1.60$ |
|  | Snow $\times 1.60$ |
|  | Roof Live $\times 1.60$ |
| Support B | Dead $\times 1.20$ |
|  | Live $\times 1.60$ |
|  | Snow $\times 1.60$ |
|  | Roof Live $\times 1.60$ |

Vertically restrained
Rotationally free
Vertically restrained
Rotationally free

Dead self weight of beam $\times 1$
Dead full UDL $0.35 \mathrm{kips} / \mathrm{ft}$

Roof Live full UDL $0.2 \mathrm{kips} / \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\max }=\mathbf{2 3 4 . 3}$ kips_ft;
$V_{\max }=\mathbf{2 6} \mathrm{kips} ;$
$\delta_{\text {max }}=\mathbf{1 i n}$;
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{A}_{-} \max }=\mathbf{2 6} \mathrm{kips} ;$
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{A}_{-} \text {Dead }}=7.3 \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{A}_{-} \text {Snow }}=7.2 \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{A}_{-} \text {Roof Live }}=\mathbf{3 . 6} \mathbf{~ k i p s}$
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{B}_{-} \max }=\mathbf{2 6}$ kips;
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{B}_{-} \text {Dead }}=7.3 \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{B}_{-} \text {Snow }}=7.2 \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {min }}=\mathbf{0}$ kips_ft
$V_{\text {min }}=-\mathbf{2 6}$ kips
$\delta_{\text {min }}=\mathbf{0}$ in
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{A}_{-} \min }=\mathbf{2 6}$ kips
$\mathrm{R}_{\text {B_min }}=\mathbf{2 6}$ kips

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Unfactored roof live load reaction at support B; $\quad \mathrm{R}_{\text {B_Roof Live }=\mathbf{3 . 6} \mathrm{kips}, ~}^{\text {in }}$

## Section details

Section type;
ASTM steel designation;
W 24x55 (AISC 15th Edn (v15.0))
A992
Steel yield stress;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{5 0} \mathrm{ksi}$
Steel tensile stress;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{u}}=\mathbf{6 5} \mathrm{ksi}$
Modulus of elasticity;
$\mathrm{E}=29000 \mathrm{ksi}$

## Resistance factors

Resistance factor for tensile yielding
$\phi_{\text {ty }}=\mathbf{0 . 9 0}$
Resistance factor for tensile rupture
$\phi_{\mathrm{tr}}=\mathbf{0 . 7 5}$
Resistance factor for compression
$\phi_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathbf{0 . 9 0}$
Resistance factor for flexure
$\phi_{\mathrm{b}}=\mathbf{0 . 9 0}$

## Lateral bracing

Span 1 has continuous lateral bracing

## Classification of sections for local buckling - Section B4.1

Classification of flanges in flexure - Table B4.1b (case 10)

Width to thickness ratio;
Limiting ratio for compact section;
Limiting ratio for non-compact section;
$\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{f}} /\left(2 \times \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}\right)=\mathbf{6 . 9 4}$
$\lambda_{\text {pff }}=0.38 \times \sqrt{ }\left[E / F_{y}\right]=\mathbf{9 . 1 5}$
$\lambda_{\text {rff }}=1.0 \times \sqrt{ }\left[\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}\right]=\mathbf{2 4 . 0 8} ; \quad$ Compact

Classification of web in flexure - Table B4.1b (case 15)

Width to thickness ratio;
Limiting ratio for compact section;
Limiting ratio for non-compact section;
$(\mathrm{d}-2 \times \mathrm{k}) / \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathbf{5 4 . 6 3}$
$\lambda_{\text {pwf }}=3.76 \times \sqrt{ }\left[\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}\right]=\mathbf{9 0 . 5 5}$
$\lambda_{\text {rwf }}=5.70 \times \sqrt{ }\left[\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}\right]=\mathbf{1 3 7 . 2 7} ; \quad$ Compact
Section is compact in flexure

## Design of members for shear - Chapter G

Required shear strength
Web area
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{r}}=\max \left(\operatorname{abs}\left(\mathrm{V}_{\max }\right), \operatorname{abs}\left(\mathrm{V}_{\min }\right)\right)=\mathbf{2 6 . 0 3 1}$ kips
$A_{w}=d \times t_{w}=9.322$ in $^{2}$
Web plate buckling coefficient
Web shear coefficient - eq G2-3
Nominal shear strength - eq G6-1
Resistance factor for shear
Design shear strength
$\mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{v}}=5.34$
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{v} 1}=\mathbf{1}$
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{n}}=0.6 \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}} \times \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{w}} \times \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{v} 1}=\mathbf{2 7 9 . 6 6 0} \mathrm{kips}$
$\phi_{\mathrm{v}}=\mathbf{0 . 9 0}$
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{c}}=\phi_{\mathrm{V}} \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathbf{2 5 1 . 6 9 4} \mathrm{kips}$

## PASS - Design shear strength exceeds required shear strength

## Design of members for flexure in the major axis - Chapter $F$

Required flexural strength;
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{r}}=\max \left(\operatorname{abs}\left(\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{s} 1_{-} \max }\right), \operatorname{abs}\left(\mathrm{M}_{\text {s1_min }}\right)\right)=\mathbf{2 3 4 . 2 7 6}$ kips_ft

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## Yielding - Section F2.1

Nominal flexural strength for yielding - eq F2-1;
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {nyld }}=\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{p}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}} \times \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{x}}=\mathbf{5 5 8 . 3 3 3}$ kips_ft
Nominal flexural strength;
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{nyld}}=558.333 \mathrm{kips} \mathrm{ft}^{\mathrm{ft}}$
Design flexural strength;
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{c}}=\phi_{\mathrm{b}} \times \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathbf{5 0 2 . 5 0 0} \mathbf{k i p s} \mathrm{ft}$
PASS - Design flexural strength exceeds required flexural strength

## Design of members for vertical deflection

Consider deflection due to dead, live, snow and roof live loads

Limiting deflection;
$\delta_{\text {lim }}=\min \left(1.5 \mathrm{in}, \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{s} 1} / 360\right)=\mathbf{1 . 2} \mathrm{in}$
Maximum deflection span 1;
$\delta=\max \left(\operatorname{abs}\left(\delta_{\max }\right), \operatorname{abs}\left(\delta_{\min }\right)\right)=\mathbf{0 . 9 7}$ in
PASS - Maximum deflection does not exceed deflection limit

## 2. Sample Composite Steel Floor Beam

[In accordance with AISC 360-16 using the load and resistance factor design method]

## Design summary

| Overall design status; | Pass |
| :--- | :--- |
| Overall design utilisation; | 0.847 |


| Description | Unit | Provided | Required | Utilization | Result |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Moment, constr | $($ kip_ft $)$ | 502.5 | 157.8 | 0.314 | PASS |
| Shear, constr | (kips) | 251.69 | 17.53 | 0.070 | PASS |
| Moment, comp | $(\mathrm{kip} \mathrm{ft})$ | 786.81 | 387.17 | 0.492 | PASS |
| Shear, comp | (kips) | 251.69 | 43.02 | 0.171 | PASS |
| Deflection, constr | (in) | 1.5 | 0.72 | 0.479 | PASS |
| Deflection, comp | (in) | 1.5 | 1.27 | 0.847 | PASS |

## Basic dimensions

Beam span;
Beam spacing on one side;
Beam spacing on other side;
Deck orientation;
Profiles are assumed to meet all dimensional criteria in AISC 360-16
Overall depth of slab;
Height of ribs;
Centers of ribs;
Average width of rib;
$\mathrm{t}=5.250$ in
$\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}=2.000$ in
rib $_{\text {ccs }}=\mathbf{1 2 . 0 0 0}$ in
$\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{r}}=7.000$ in
$\mathrm{L}=\mathbf{3 6 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{b}_{1}=\mathbf{1 0 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{b}_{2}=\mathbf{1 0 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$
Deck ribs perpendicular to beam

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## Material properties

Concrete
Specified compressive strength of concrete; $\quad \mathrm{f}^{\prime}{ }_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathbf{4 . 0 0} \mathrm{ksi}$
Wet density of concrete;
$\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{cw}}=\mathbf{1 2 5} \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}$
Dry density of concrete;
$\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{cd}}=115 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}$
Modulus of elasticity of concrete;
$\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{cd}}{ }^{1.5} \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{f}^{\prime}{ }_{\mathrm{c}} \times 1 \mathrm{ksi}\right) /\left(1 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}\right)^{1.5}=\mathbf{2 4 6 6} \mathrm{ksi}$
Steel
Specified minimum yield stress of steel;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{5 0} \mathrm{ksi}$
Modulus of elasticity of steel;
$\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}}=29000 \mathrm{ksi}$

## Loading - secondary beam

Weight of slab construction stage;
Weight of slab composite stage;
$\mathrm{w}_{\text {slab_constr }}=\left[\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}} \times\left(1-\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{r}} /\right.\right.$ rib $\left.\left._{\mathrm{ccs}}\right)\right] \times \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{cw}}=\mathbf{4 6 . 0 0 7} \mathrm{psf}$
$\mathrm{w}_{\text {slab_comp }}=\left[\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}} \times\left(1-\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{r}} /\right.\right.$ rib $\left.\left._{\text {ccs }}\right)\right] \times \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{cd}}=\mathbf{4 2 . 3 2 6} \mathrm{psf}$
Weight of steel deck;
Additional dead load;
$\mathrm{w}_{\text {deck }}=\mathbf{3 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{psf}$
$\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{d} \_ \text {add }}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{psf}$
Weight of steel beam;
Weight of construction live load;
$\mathrm{w}_{\text {beam } \_\mathrm{s}}=\mathbf{5 5 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{W}_{\text {constr }}=\mathbf{2 0 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{psf}$
Superimposed dead load;
Weight of wall parallel to span;
Weight of wall perpendicular to span;
Floor live load;
Lightweight partition load;
Total construction stage dead load;
$\mathrm{w}_{\text {serv }}=\mathbf{1 5 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{psf}$
$\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w} \_ \text {par }}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w} \_ \text {perp }}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}$;assumed to be at mid-span.
$\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{imp}}=\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{psf}$
$\mathrm{w}_{\text {part }}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{psf}$
$\mathrm{w}_{\text {constr_ }}=\left[\left(\mathrm{w}_{\text {slab_constr }}+\mathrm{w}_{\text {deck }}+\mathrm{w}_{\text {d_add }}\right) \times\left(\left(\mathrm{b}_{1}+\mathrm{b}_{2}\right) / 2\right)\right]+\mathrm{w}_{\text {beam_s }}=\mathbf{5 4 5 . 0 6 9} \mathbf{l b} / \mathrm{ft}$
Total construction stage live load;
$\mathrm{w}_{\text {constr_L }}=\mathrm{w}_{\text {constr }} \times\left(\mathrm{b}_{1}+\mathrm{b}_{2}\right) / 2=\mathbf{2 0 0 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}$
Total composite stage dead load(excluding walls); $\mathrm{w}_{\text {comp_ }}=\left[\left(\mathrm{w}_{\text {slab_comp }}+\mathrm{w}_{\text {deck }}+\mathrm{w}_{\text {d_add }}+\mathrm{w}_{\text {serv }}\right) \times\left(\mathrm{b}_{1}+\mathrm{b}_{2}\right) / 2\right]+\mathrm{w}_{\text {beam_s }}=\mathbf{6 5 8 . 2 6 4}$
lb/ft
Total composite stage live load;
$\mathrm{w}_{\text {comp_L }}=\left(\mathrm{w}_{\text {imp }}+\mathrm{w}_{\text {part }}\right) \times\left(\mathrm{b}_{1}+\mathrm{b}_{2}\right) / 2=\mathbf{1 0 0 0 . 0 0 0} \mathbf{l b} / \mathrm{ft} ;$

## Design forces - secondary beam

Max ultimate moment at construction stage;
Max ultimate shear at construction stage;
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {constr_u }}=\left(1.2 \times \mathrm{w}_{\text {constr_ }}+1.6 \times \mathrm{w}_{\text {constr_L }}\right) \times \mathrm{L}^{2 / 8}=\mathbf{1 5 7 . 8 0 1}$ kips_ft

Maximum ultimate moment at composite stage;
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {comp_u }}=\left(1.2 \times \mathrm{w}_{\text {comp_D }}+1.6 \times \mathrm{w}_{\text {comp_L }}\right) \times \mathrm{L}^{2} / 8+1.2 \times \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w}^{\prime} \text { par }} \times \mathrm{L}^{2} / 8+1.2 \times \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w} \_ \text {perp }} \times\left(\mathrm{b}_{1}+\mathrm{b}_{2}\right) / 2 \times \mathrm{L} / 4=\mathbf{3 8 7 . 1 6 6} \mathrm{kips} \mathrm{ft}^{\mathrm{ft}}$
Maximum ultimate shear at composite stage;
$\mathrm{V}_{\text {comp_u }}=\left(1.2 \times \mathrm{w}_{\text {comp_D }}+1.6 \times \mathrm{w}_{\text {comp_L }}\right) \times \mathrm{L} / 2+1.2 \times \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w}_{-} \text {par }} \times \mathrm{L} / 2+1.2 \times \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w}_{-} \text {perp }} \times\left(\mathrm{b}_{1}+\mathrm{b}_{2}\right) / 2 \times 1 / 2=43.019 \mathrm{kips}$
Point of max. B.M. from nearest support; $\quad L_{B M \_ \text {near }}=\mathrm{L} / 2=\mathbf{1 8 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$

## Steel section check

Trial steel section;

## W24X55

Plastic modulus of steel section;
$\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{x}}=134.00 \mathrm{in}^{3}$
Elastic modulus of steel section;
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{x}}=114.00 \mathrm{in}^{3}$
Width to thickness ratio;
$\lambda_{\mathrm{f}}=\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{f}} /\left(2 \times \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}\right)=\mathbf{6 . 9 4 1}$

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| Limiting width to thickness ratio (compact); | $\lambda_{\mathrm{pf}}=0.38 \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{9 . 1 5 2}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Limiting width to thickness ratio (noncompact); | $\lambda_{\mathrm{rf}}=\sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{2 4 . 0 8 3}$ |
|  |  |
| Depth to thickness ratio $\left(\mathrm{h} / \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{w}}\right) ;$ | $\lambda_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathbf{5 4 . 6 0 0}$ |
| Limiting depth to thickness ratio (compact); | $\lambda_{\mathrm{pw}}=3.76 \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{9 0 . 5 5 3}$ |
| Limiting depth to thickness ratio (noncompact); | $\lambda_{\mathrm{rw}}=5.70 \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{1 3 7 . 2 7 4}$ |

Flange is compact
Depth to thickness ratio ( $\mathrm{h} / \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{w}}$ );
$\lambda_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathbf{5 4 . 6 0 0}$
$\lambda_{\text {pw }}=3.76 \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{9 0 . 5 5 3}$
Limiting depth to thickness ratio (noncompact);
$\lambda_{\mathrm{rw}}=5.70 \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{1 3 7 . 2 7 4}$
Web is compact

## Strength check at construction stage for flexure

Check for flexure
Plastic moment for steel section; $\quad \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{p}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}} \times \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{x}}=\mathbf{5 5 8 . 3 3 3}$ kip_ft
Resistance factor for flexure;
$\phi_{\mathrm{b}}=\mathbf{0 . 9 0}$
Design flexural strength of steel section alone;
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {constr_ } \mathrm{n}}=\phi_{\mathrm{b}} \times \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{p}}=\mathbf{5 0 2 . 5 0 0}$ kip_ft
Required flexural strength;
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {constr_u }}=\mathbf{1 5 7 . 8 0 1}$ kip_ft
PASS - Beam bending at construction stage loading

## Strength check at construction stage for shear

Web area;
Web plate buckling coefficient;
Depth to thickness ratio ( $\mathrm{h} / \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{w}}$ );
Web shear coefficient;
Resistant factor for shear;
Design shear strength;
Required shear strength;
$A_{w}=d \times t_{w}=9.322$ in $^{2}$
$\mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{v}}=5.34$
$\lambda_{\mathrm{w}}=54.600$
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{v} 1}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$
$\phi_{\mathrm{v}}=0.9$
$\mathrm{V}_{\text {constr_n }}=\phi_{\mathrm{v}} \times\left(0.6 \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}} \times \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{w}} \times \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{v} 1}\right)=\mathbf{2 5 1 . 6 9 4} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{V}_{\text {constr_u }}=\mathbf{1 7 . 5 3 4}$ kips
PASS - Beam shear at construction stage loading

## Design of steel anchors

Note - for non-uniform stud layouts a higher concentration of studs should be located towards the ends of the beam

Effective slab width of composite section;
Effective area of concrete flange;
Diameter of stud anchor;
Length of stud anchor after weld;
Specified tensile strength of stud anchor;
Cross section area of one stud anchor;
Maximum diameter permitted;

Point of max. B.M. from nearest support;
No. of ribs from points of zero to max moment;
No. of ribs with 1 stud per rib;
No. of ribs with 2 studs per rib;
No. of ribs with 3 studs per rib;
Total number of studs;
$\mathrm{b}=\min \left(\mathrm{L} / 8, \mathrm{~b}_{1} / 2\right)+\min \left(\mathrm{L} / 8, \mathrm{~b}_{2} / 2\right)=\mathbf{1 0 8 . 0 0 0}$ in
$\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathrm{b} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right)=351.00 \mathrm{in}^{2}$
$\mathrm{dia}=\mathbf{0 . 7 5 0} \mathrm{in}$
$\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{s}}=3.50$ in
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{u}}=\mathbf{6 5} \mathrm{ksi}$
$\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{sa}}=\pi \times \mathrm{dia}^{2} / 4=\mathbf{0 . 4 4 2} \mathrm{in}^{2}$
$\operatorname{dia}_{\text {max }}=2.5 \times \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=\mathbf{1 . 2 6 3}$ in
PASS - Diameter of stud anchor provided is OK
$\mathrm{L}_{\text {BM_near }}=\mathbf{1 8 . 0 0} \mathrm{ft}$
rib $_{\text {numbers }}=\operatorname{int}\left(\mathrm{L}_{\text {BM_near }} / \operatorname{rib}_{\text {ccs }}-1\right)=\mathbf{1 7}$
$\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{r} 1}=17$
$\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{r} 2}=\mathbf{0}$
$\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{r} 3}=\mathbf{0}$
$\mathrm{N}_{\text {prov }}=\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{r} 1}+2 \times \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{r} 2}+3 \times \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{r} 3}=\mathbf{1 7}$

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| Group effect factor for 1 stud per rib; | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{g} 1}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Group effect factor for 2 studs per rib; | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{g} 2}=\mathbf{0 . 8 5}$ |
| Group effect factor for 3 studs per rib; | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{g} 3}=\mathbf{0 . 7 0}$ |
| Value of $\mathrm{e}_{\text {mid-ht }}$ is less than 2 in ( 51 mm ) |  |
| Position effect factor for deck perpendicular; | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{p}}=\mathbf{0 . 6 0}$ |
| Nom. strength of one stud with 1 stud per rib; | $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{n} 1}=\min \left(0.5 \times \mathrm{A}_{\text {sa }} \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{f}^{\prime}{ }_{\mathrm{c}} \times \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{c}}\right), \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{g} 1} \times \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{p}} \times \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{sa}} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{u}}\right)=\mathbf{1 7 . 2 3 0} \mathbf{~ k i p s}$ |
| Nom. strength of one stud with 2 studs per rib; | $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{n} 2}=\min \left(0.5 \times \mathrm{A}_{\text {sa }} \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{f}^{\prime}{ }_{\mathrm{c}} \times \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{c}}\right), \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{g} 2} \times \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{p}} \times \mathrm{A}_{\text {sa }} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{u}}\right)=\mathbf{1 4 . 6 4 5} \mathrm{kips}$ |
| Nom. strength of one stud with 3 studs per rib; | $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{n} 3}=\min \left(0.5 \times \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{sa}} \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{f}^{\prime}{ }_{\mathrm{c}} \times \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{c}}\right), \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{g} 3} \times \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{p}} \times \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{sa}} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{u}}\right)=\mathbf{1 2 . 0 6 1} \mathrm{kips}$ |
| Total strength of provided steel anchors; | $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{sc}}=\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{r} 1} \times \mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{n} 1}+2 \times \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{r} 2} \times \mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{n} 2}+3 \times \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{r} 3} \times \mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{n} 3}=292.90 \mathrm{kips}$ |
| Resistance of concrete flange; | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{cf}}=0.85 \times \mathrm{f}^{\prime}{ }_{\mathrm{c}} \times \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathbf{1 1 9 3 . 4 0 0 ~ k i p s}$ |
| Resistance of steel beam; | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{sb}}=\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{8 1 0 . 0 0 0 ~ k i p s}$ |
| Beam/slab interface shear force; | $\mathrm{C}=\min \left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{cf}}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{sb}}\right)=\mathbf{8 1 0 . 0 0 0}$ kips |

## Strength of studs is less than maximum interface shear force therefore partial composite action takes place

## Strength check at partial composite action

Actual net tensile force ;
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{h}}=\mathrm{C}=\mathbf{8 1 0 . 0 0 0} \mathrm{kips}$
Assuming plastic neutral axis at the bottom of the steel beam flange.

Resultant compressive force at flange bottom;
Net force at steel and concrete interface;
$\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{yf}}=\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{f}} \times \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{1 7 7 . 0 0 3} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{net}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{sb}}-2 \times \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{yf}}=\mathbf{4 5 5 . 9 9 5} \mathrm{kips}$
PNA is in the web of the I Section
Shear connection force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\text {shear }}=\mathrm{S}_{\text {sc }}=\mathbf{2 9 2 . 9 0} \mathrm{kips}$
Total depth of concrete at full stress;
$\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathrm{F}_{\text {shear }} /\left(0.85 \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}} \times \mathrm{b}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 7 9 8}$ in
Depth of compression from top of the steel flange; $t^{\prime}=A /\left(2 \times t_{w}\right)-b_{f} \times t_{f} / t_{w}-0.85 \times f^{\prime} / F_{y} \times b \times d_{c} /\left(2 \times t_{w}\right)+t_{f}=4.634$ in
Tension
Bottom flange component;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{bf}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}} \times \mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{f}} \times \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=\mathbf{1 7 7 . 0 0 3} \mathrm{kips}$
Moment capacity of bottom flange;
Web component;
Moment capacity of web;
Compression
Web component;
Moment capacity of web;
Top flange component;
Moment capacity of top flange;
Concrete flange component;
Moment capacity of concrete flange;
Design flexural strength of beam;
Required flexural strength;
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{bf}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{bf}} \times\left(\mathrm{d}-\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}} / 2\right)-\mathrm{t}^{\prime}\right)=\mathbf{2 7 6 . 0 3 0} \mathrm{kip}_{-} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\text {web_t }}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}} \times\left(\mathrm{A}-\left(2 \times \mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{f}} \times \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}\right)-\left(\mathrm{t}^{\prime}-\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}\right) \times \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{w}}\right)=\mathbf{3 7 4 . 4 5 0} \mathbf{~ k i p s}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {web }_{-} \mathrm{t}}=\mathrm{F}_{\text {web }_{-} \mathrm{t}} \times\left(\mathrm{d}-\mathrm{t}^{\prime}-\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}\right) / 2=\mathbf{2 8 8 . 0 3 2} \mathbf{~ k i p \_ f t}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\text {web_c }}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}} \times\left(\mathrm{t}^{\prime}-\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}\right) \times \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathbf{8 1 . 5 4 5} \mathbf{~ k i p s}$
$M_{\text {web_c }^{\prime}}=F_{\text {web_c }} \times\left(\mathrm{t}^{\prime}-\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}\right) / 2=\mathbf{1 4 . 0 2 9}$ kip_ft
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{tf}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}} \times \mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{f}} \times \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=\mathbf{1 7 7 . 0 0 3} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{tf}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{tf}} \times\left(\mathrm{t}^{\prime}-\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}} / 2\right)=\mathbf{6 4 . 6 2 6} \mathrm{kip} \mathrm{ft}^{\mathrm{ft}}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{cf}}=0.85 \times \mathrm{f}^{\prime}{ }_{\mathrm{c}} \times \mathrm{b} \times \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathbf{2 9 2 . 9 0 4} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{cf}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{cf}} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{c}} / 2+\mathrm{t}\right.$ ' $)=\mathbf{2 3 1 . 5 1 8} \mathrm{kip} \_\mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {comp_n }}=\phi_{\mathrm{b}} \times\left(\mathrm{M}_{\text {bf }}+\mathrm{M}_{\text {web_t }}+\mathrm{M}_{\text {web_c }}+\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{tf}}+\mathrm{M}_{\text {cf }}\right)=\mathbf{7 8 6 . 8 1 1}$ kip_ft
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {comp_u }}=\mathbf{3 8 7 . 1 6 6} \mathbf{~ k i p \_ f t}$
PASS - Beam bending at partial composite stage

Check for shear
Design shear strength;
$\mathrm{V}_{\text {comp_n }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {constr_n }}=\mathbf{2 5 1 . 6 9 4}$ kips

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## Required shear strength;

$\mathrm{V}_{\text {comp_u }}=43.019 \mathrm{kips}$
PASS - Beam shear at partial composite stage loading
Check for deflection (Commentary section I3.1)
Calculation of immediate construction stage deflection;

Deflection due to dead load;
Amount of beam camber;

Deflection due to construction live load;
Net total construction stage deflection;
For short term loading:-
Short term modular ratio;

$$
\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{s}}=\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} / \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathbf{1 1 . 8}
$$

Depth of neutral axis from top of concrete;
$\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{s}}=\left[\mathrm{b} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) / \mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{s}} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) / 2+\mathrm{A} \times(\mathrm{t}+\mathrm{d} / 2)\right] /\left[\mathrm{b} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) / \mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{s}}+\mathrm{A}\right]$
$y_{s}=7.051$ in
Moment of inertia of fully composite section;
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{s}}=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{x}}+\mathrm{A} \times\left(\mathrm{d} / 2+\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{s}}\right)^{2}+\mathrm{b} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right)^{3} /\left(12 \times \mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{s}}\right)+\mathrm{b} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) / \mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{s}} \times\left(\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{s}}-\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) / 2\right)^{2}$

$$
\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{s}}=\mathbf{3 8 7 5} \mathrm{in}^{4}
$$

Effective mt of inertia for partially composite;
Proportion of live load which is short term;
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}_{\_} \text {eff }}=0.75 \times\left[\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{x}}+\sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{F}_{\text {shear }} / \mathrm{C}\right) \times\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{s}}-\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{x}}\right)\right]=; \mathbf{2 1 5 1 . 2} ;$ in $^{4}$

Deflection due to short term live load;
$\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{L}_{-} \mathrm{s}}=67 \%$

For long term loading:-
Long term concrete modulus as \% of short term; $\quad r_{E_{-} 1}=\mathbf{5 0} \%$
Long term modular ratio;
$\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{l}}=\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} /\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{c}} \times \mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{E}_{-} \mathrm{l}}\right)=\mathbf{2 3 . 5}$
Depth of neutral axis from top of concrete;
$\mathrm{y}_{1}=\left[\mathrm{b} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) / \mathrm{n}_{1} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) / 2+\mathrm{A} \times(\mathrm{t}+\mathrm{d} / 2)\right] /\left[\mathrm{b} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) / \mathrm{n}_{1}+\mathrm{A}\right]$

$$
\mathrm{y}_{1}=9.653 \mathrm{in}
$$

Moment of inertia of fully composite section;
$\mathrm{I}_{1}=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{x}}+\mathrm{A} \times\left(\mathrm{d} / 2+\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{l}}\right)^{2}+\mathrm{b} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right)^{3} /\left(12 \times \mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{l}}\right)+\mathrm{b} \times\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) / \mathrm{n}_{1} \times\left(\mathrm{y}_{1}-\left(\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) / 2\right)^{2}$

$$
\mathrm{I}_{1}=\mathbf{3 2 1 2} \mathrm{in}^{4}
$$

Effective mt of inertia for partially composite; $\quad \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{I}_{-} \text {eff }}=0.75 \times\left[\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{x}}+\sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{F}_{\text {shear }} / \mathrm{C}\right) \times\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{l}}-\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{x}}\right)\right]=\mathbf{1 8 5 2 . 1} \mathrm{in}^{4}$
Proportion of live load which is long term;
$\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{L}_{-} 1}=1-\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{L}_{-} \mathrm{s}}=\mathbf{3 3} \%$
Deflection due to long term live load; $\quad \Delta_{\mathrm{L}_{-} 1}=5 \times \mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{L}_{-} 1} \times \mathrm{w}_{\text {comp_L }} \times \mathrm{L}^{4} /\left(384 \times \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{I}_{-} \text {eff }}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 2 3 2 2}$ in
Dead load due to parallel wall \& superimp. dead; $\quad \mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{D} \_ \text {part }}=\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w} \_ \text {par }}+\left(\mathrm{w}_{\text {serv }} \times\left(\mathrm{b}_{1}+\mathrm{b}_{2}\right) / 2\right)=\mathbf{1 5 0 . 0 0 0 0} \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}$
Long term deflection due to superimposed dead load (after concrete has cured):-
Wall parallel to span and superimposed dead;

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Delta_{4}=5 \times\left(\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{D} \_ \text {_part }}\right) \times \mathrm{L}^{4} /\left(384 \times \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} \times \mathrm{I}_{1 \_ \text {eff }}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 1 0 5 5} \text { in } \\
& \Delta_{5}=\left(\mathrm{w}_{\mathrm{w} \_ \text {perp }} \times\left(\mathrm{b}_{1}+\mathrm{b}_{2}\right) / 2\right) \times \mathrm{L}^{3} /\left(48 \times \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}} \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{I}_{\_} \text {eff }}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 0 0} \text { in }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Combined deflections

Net total construction stage deflection;
Net total long term deflection;

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Delta_{\text {short }}=\Delta_{\text {short_D }}+\Delta_{2}-\Delta_{\text {camber }}=\mathbf{0 . 7 1 9} \text { in } \\
& \Delta_{\text {long }}=\Delta_{\text {short_D }}+\Delta_{\mathrm{L}_{-} \mathrm{s}}+\Delta_{\mathrm{L}_{-} 1}+\Delta_{4}+\Delta_{5}-\Delta_{\text {camber }}=\mathbf{1 . 2 7 0} \text { in }
\end{aligned}
$$

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\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Combined short and long term live load deflectn; } & \Delta_{\text {live }}=\Delta_{\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{~s}}+\Delta_{\mathrm{L}_{-} 1}=\mathbf{0 . 6 3 8} \text { in } \\
\text { Net long term dead and super imposed dead defln; } & \Delta_{\text {dead }}=\Delta_{\text {short_D }}+\Delta_{4}+\Delta_{5}-\Delta_{\text {camber }}=\mathbf{0 . 6 3 2} \text { in } \\
\text { Post composite deflection; } & \Delta_{\text {comp }}=\Delta_{\mathrm{L}_{-} \mathrm{s}}+\Delta_{\mathrm{L}_{-} 1}+\Delta_{4}+\Delta_{5}=\mathbf{0 . 7 4 4} \text { in } \\
\text { Allowable max deflection; } & \Delta_{\text {Allow }}=\mathbf{1 . 5 0 0} \text { in }
\end{array}
$$

PASS - Deflection less than allowable

## Arrangement of steel anchor

Note - for non-uniform stud layouts a higher concentration of studs should be located towards the ends of the beam;

## 3. Sample Steel Column

## Column and loading details

## Column details

Column section;

## HSS $12 \times 12 \times 3 / 8$

## Design loading

Required axial strength;
Moment about x axis at end 1 ;
Moment about x axis at end 2;
$\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathbf{2 5 0}$ kips; (Compression)
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{x} 1}=\mathbf{0} .0$ kips_ft
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{x} 2}=\mathbf{0} .0 \mathrm{kips} \mathrm{ft}$

Maximum moment about x axis;
Moment about y axis at end 1;
Moment about y axis at end 2;
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{x}}=\max \left(\operatorname{abs}\left(\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{x} 1}\right), \operatorname{abs}\left(\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{x} 2}\right)\right)=\mathbf{0 . 0} \mathrm{kips} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{y} 1}=\mathbf{0 . 0}$ kips_ft
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{y} 2}=\mathbf{0} .0$ kips_ft

Maximum moment about y axis;
Maximum shear force parallel to y axis;
Maximum shear force parallel to x axis;
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{y}}=\max \left(\operatorname{abs}\left(\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{y} 1}\right), \operatorname{abs}\left(\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{y} 2}\right)\right)=\mathbf{0 . 0}$ kips_ft
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ry}}=\mathbf{0 . 0} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{rx}}=\mathbf{0 . 0} \mathrm{kips}$

## Material details

Steel grade;
A500 Gr. C
Yield strength;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{5 0} \mathrm{ksi}$
Ultimate strength;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{u}}=62 \mathrm{ksi}$
Modulus of elasticity;
Shear modulus of elasticity;
$\mathrm{E}=29000 \mathrm{ksi}$
$\mathrm{G}=\mathbf{1 1 2 0 0} \mathrm{ksi}$

## Unbraced lengths

For buckling about x axis;
$\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}=\mathbf{2 4 0}$ in
For buckling about y axis;
$\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{2 4 0}$ in
$\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{z}}=240$ in

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## Effective length factors

| For buckling about x axis; | $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{x}}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| For buckling about y axis; | $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$ |
| For torsional buckling; | $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{z}}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$ |

## Section classification

## Section classification for local buckling (cl. B4)

Critical flange width;
$\mathrm{b}=\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{f}}-3 \times \mathrm{t}=\mathbf{1 0 . 9 5 3}$ in
Critical web width;
$\mathrm{h}=\mathrm{d}-3 \times \mathrm{t}=\mathbf{1 0 . 9 5 3}$ in
Width to thickness ratio of flange (compression);
$\lambda_{f_{\mathrm{f}}}=\mathrm{b} / \mathrm{t}=\mathbf{3 1 . 3 8 4}$
Width to thickness ratio of web (compression); $\quad \lambda_{w_{-} \mathrm{c}}=\mathrm{h} / \mathrm{t}=\mathbf{3 1 . 3 8 4}$
Width to thickness ratio of flange (major flexure);
Width to thickness ratio of web (major flexure);
$\lambda_{f-f x}=b / t=31.384$

Width to thickness ratio of flange (minor flexure);
Width to thickness ratio of web (minor flexure);
$\lambda_{w_{-} \mathrm{fx}}=\mathrm{h} / \mathrm{t}=\mathbf{3 1 . 3 8 4}$

Compression
Limit for nonslender section;
$\lambda_{r_{-} \mathrm{c}}=1.40 \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{3 3 . 7 1 6}$
The section is nonslender in compression

## Slenderness

## Member slenderness

Slenderness ratio about x axis;
$\mathrm{SR}_{\mathrm{x}}=\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} / \mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{x}}=\mathbf{5 0 . 7}$
Slenderness ratio about y axis;
$\mathrm{SR}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{y}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} / \mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{5 0 . 7}$

## Reduction factor for slender elements

## Reduction factor for slender elements (E7)

The section does not contain any slender elements therefore:-
Slender element reduction factor;
$\mathrm{Q}=\mathbf{1 . 0}$

## Compressive strength

Flexural buckling about x axis (cl. E3)

Elastic critical buckling stress;
Reduction factor;
Flexural buckling stress about x axis;
Nominal flexural buckling strength;
Flexural buckling about y axis (cl. E3)
Elastic critical buckling stress;
Reduction factor;
Flexural buckling stress about y axis;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{ex}}=\left(\pi^{2} \times \mathrm{E}\right) /\left(\mathrm{SR}_{\mathrm{x}}\right)^{2}=\mathbf{1 1 1 . 2} \mathrm{ksi}$
$\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{x}}=\mathrm{Q}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0 0}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\text {crx }}=\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{x}} \times\left(0.658^{\mathrm{Qx} \times F y / F e x}\right) \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{4 1 . 4} \mathrm{ksi}$
$\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{nx}}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{crx}} \times \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{g}}=\mathbf{6 6 2 . 7} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\text {ey }}=\left(\pi^{2} \times \mathrm{E}\right) /\left(\mathrm{SR}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)^{2}=\mathbf{1 1 1 . 2} \mathrm{ksi}$
$\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathrm{Q}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0 0}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\text {cry }}=\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{y}} \times\left(0.658^{\mathrm{Qy} \times \mathrm{Fy} / \mathrm{Fey}}\right) \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{4 1 . 4} \mathrm{ksi}$

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Nominal flexural buckling strength;

## Design compressive strength (cl.E1)

Resistance factor for compression;
Design compressive strength;

$$
\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{ny}}=\mathrm{F}_{\text {cry }} \times \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{g}}=\mathbf{6 6 2 . 7} \mathrm{kips}
$$

$$
\phi_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathbf{0 . 9 0}
$$

$$
\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{c}}=\phi_{\mathrm{c}} \times \min \left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{nx}}, \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{ny}}\right)=\mathbf{5 9 6 . 5} \mathrm{kips}
$$

PASS - The design compressive strength exceeds the required compressive strength

## 4. Sample Isolated Reinforced Concrete Column Footing

## Footing Analysis

[In accordance with ACI318-19]
Summary results

| Description | Unit | Applied | Resisting | FoS | Result |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Uplift verification | kips | 243.4 |  |  | Pass |
| Description | Unit | Applied | Resisting | Utilization | Result |
| Soil bearing | ksf | 3.803 | 4 | 0.951 | Pass |
| Description | Unit | Provided | Required | Utilization | Result |
| Moment, positive, x-direction | kip_ft | 173.7 | 487.6 | 0.356 | Pass |
| Moment, positive, y-direction | kip_ft | 173.7 | 466.3 | 0.372 | Pass |
| Shear, one-way, x-direction | kips | 52.9 | 104.8 | 0.505 | Pass |
| Shear, one-way, y-direction | kips | 52.9 | 101.8 | 0.520 | Pass |
| Shear, two-way, Col 1 | psi | 73.546 | 189.737 | 0.388 | Pass |
| Min.area of reinf, bot., x-direction | in 2 | 4.147 | 5.400 |  | Pass |
| Max.reinf.spacing, bot, x-direction | in | 18.0 | 11.1 |  | Pass |
| Min.area of reinf, bot., y-direction | in 2 | 4.147 | 5.400 |  | Pass |
| Max.reinf.spacing, bot, y-direction | in | 18.0 | 11.1 |  | Pass |

## Pad footing details

Length of footing;
Width of footing;
$\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}=\mathbf{8} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{8} \mathrm{ft}$
Footing area;
$\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{6 4} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
Depth of footing;
Depth of soil over footing;
$\mathrm{h}=\mathbf{2 4}$ in

Density of concrete;
$\mathrm{h}_{\text {soil }}=18$ in
$\gamma_{\text {conc }}=\mathbf{1 5 0 . 0} \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}$

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## Column no. 1 details

Length of column;
Width of column;
position in x -axis;
position in y -axis;
$1_{x 1}=\mathbf{1 6 . 0 0}$ in
$1_{\mathrm{y} 1}=\mathbf{1 6 . 0 0} \mathrm{in}$
$\mathrm{x}_{1}=48.00$ in
$\mathrm{y}_{1}=48.00$ in

## Soil Properties

Gross allowable bearing pressure;
Density of soil;
Angle of internal friction;
Design base friction angle;
Coefficient of base friction;
Design wall friction angle;
Passive pressure coefficient (Coulomb);

Dead surcharge load;
Live surcharge load;
Self weight;
Soil weight;

## Column no. 1 loads

Dead load in z;
Live load in z;
Snow load in z;

## Footing analysis for soil and stability

Load combinations per ASCE 7-10
1.0D (0.419)
$1.0 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{~L}(0.835)$
$1.0 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{~S}(0.712)$
$1.0 \mathrm{D}+0.75 \mathrm{~L}+0.75 \mathrm{~S}(0.951)$
Combination 7 results: $1.0 \mathrm{D}+\mathbf{0 . 7 5} \mathrm{L}+\mathbf{0 . 7 5 S}$

## Forces on footing

Force in z-axis;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}}=\gamma_{\mathrm{D}} \times \mathrm{A} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\text {swt }}+\mathrm{F}_{\text {soil }}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dsur}}\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lsur}}+\gamma_{\mathrm{D}} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dz} 1}+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lz} 1}$ $+\gamma_{\mathrm{S}} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Sz} 1}=\mathbf{2 4 3 . 4} \mathbf{~ k i p s}$

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## Moments on footing

Moment in x -axis, about x is 0 ;

Moment in y-axis, about y is 0 ;

## Uplift verification

Vertical force;
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{dx}}=\gamma_{\mathrm{D}} \times\left(\mathrm{A} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\text {swt }}+\mathrm{F}_{\text {soil }}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dsur}}\right) \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} / 2\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lsur}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} / 2+\gamma_{\mathrm{D}}$
$\times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dz} 1} \times \mathrm{x}_{1}\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lz} 1} \times \mathrm{x}_{1}\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{S}} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Sz} 1} \times \mathrm{x}_{1}\right)=\mathbf{9 7 3 . 5} \mathrm{kip} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{dy}}=\gamma_{\mathrm{D}} \times\left(\mathrm{A} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\text {swt }}+\mathrm{F}_{\text {soil }}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dsur}}\right) \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} / 2\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lsur}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} / 2+\gamma_{\mathrm{D}}$ $\times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dz} 1} \times \mathrm{y}_{1}\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lz} 1} \times \mathrm{y}_{1}\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{S}} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Sz} 1} \times \mathrm{y}_{1}\right)=\mathbf{9 7 3 . 5} \mathrm{kip} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}}=\mathbf{2 4 3 . 3 7}$ kips
PASS - Footing is not subject to uplift

## Bearing resistance

## Eccentricity of base reaction

Eccentricity of base reaction in x -axis;
Eccentricity of base reaction in y-axis;

## Pad base pressures

Minimum base pressure;
Maximum base pressure;

## Allowable Bearing Capacity

Allowable bearing capacity;

## Footing Design

## Material details

Compressive strength of concrete;
Yield strength of reinforcement;
Compression-controlled strain limit (21.2.2);
Cover to top of footing;
Cover to side of footing;
Cover to bottom of footing;
Concrete type;
Concrete modification factor;
Column type;
$\mathrm{q}_{\text {allow }}=\mathrm{q}_{\text {allow_Gross }}=4 \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\max } / \mathrm{q}_{\text {allow }}=\mathbf{0 . 9 5 1}$
PASS - Allowable bearing capacity exceeds design base pressure
[In accordance with ACI318-19]
$\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dx}}=\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{dx}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}}-\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} / 2=\mathbf{0}$ in
$\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dy}}=\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{dy}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}}-\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} / 2=\mathbf{0}$ in
$\mathrm{q}_{1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}} \times\left(1-6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dx}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}-6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{3 . 8 0 3} \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{2}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}} \times\left(1-6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dx}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}+6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{3 . 8 0 3} \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{3}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}} \times\left(1+6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dx}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}-6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{3 . 8 0 3} \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{4}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}} \times\left(1+6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dx}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}+6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{3 . 8 0 3} \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\text {min }}=\min \left(\mathrm{q}_{1}, \mathrm{q}_{2}, \mathrm{q}_{3}, \mathrm{q}_{4}\right)=\mathbf{3 . 8 0 3} \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\max }=\max \left(\mathrm{q}_{1}, \mathrm{q}_{2}, \mathrm{q}_{3}, \mathrm{q}_{4}\right)=\mathbf{3 . 8 0 3} \mathrm{ksf}$
?
$\mathrm{f}^{\prime}{ }_{\mathrm{c}}=4000 \mathrm{psi}$
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{6 0 0 0 0} \mathrm{psi}$
$\varepsilon_{\text {ty }}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 2 0 0}$
$\mathrm{c}_{\text {nom_t }}=\mathbf{3}$ in
$\mathrm{c}_{\text {nom_s }}=\mathbf{3}$ in
$\mathrm{c}_{\text {nom_ }}=\mathbf{3}$ in
Normal weight
$\lambda=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$
Concrete

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## Analysis and design of concrete footing

## Load combinations per ASCE 7-10

1.4D (0.212)
$1.2 \mathrm{D}+1.6 \mathrm{~L}+0.5 \mathrm{Lr}(0.520)$
Combination 2 results: $1.2 \mathrm{D}+1.6 \mathrm{~L}+0.5 \mathrm{Lr}$

## Forces on footing

Ultimate force in z-axis;

## Moments on footing

Ultimate moment in x -axis, about x is 0 ;

Ultimate moment in $y$-axis, about $y$ is 0 ;

## Eccentricity of base reaction

Eccentricity of base reaction in $x$-axis;
Eccentricity of base reaction in $y$-axis;

## Pad base pressures

Minimum ultimate base pressure;
Maximum ultimate base pressure;

Moment design, $\mathbf{x}$ direction, positive moment
Ultimate bending moment;
Tension reinforcement provided;
Area of tension reinforcement provided;
Minimum area of reinforcement (8.6.1.1);

Maximum spacing of reinforcement (8.7.2.2);

Depth to tension reinforcement;
Depth of compression block;
Neutral axis factor;
Depth to neutral axis;
Strain in tensile reinforcement;
Minimum tensile strain(8.3.3.1);
$\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{ux}}=\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{ux}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{uz}}-\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} / 2=\mathbf{0}$ in
$\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{uy}}=\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{uy}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{uz}}-\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} / 2=\mathbf{0}$ in
$\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{uz}} \times\left(1-6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{ux}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}-6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{uy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=4.672 \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 2}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{uz}} \times\left(1-6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{ux}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}+6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{uy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=4.672 \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 3}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{uz}} \times\left(1+6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{ux}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}-6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{uy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{4 . 6 7 2} \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 4}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{uz}} \times\left(1+6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{ux}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}+6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{uy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=4.672 \mathrm{ksf}$
$q_{u m i n}=\min \left(q_{u 1}, q_{u 2}, q_{u 3}, q_{u 4}\right)=4.672 \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{umax}}=\max \left(\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 1}, \mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 2}, \mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 3}, \mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 4}\right)=4.672 \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {u.x.max }}=173.679$ kip_ft
9 No. 7 bottom bars ( 11.1 inc c )
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {sx.bot.prov }}=5.4 \mathrm{in}^{2}$
$\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{s} . \min }=0.0018 \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} \times \mathrm{h}=4.147 \mathrm{in}^{2}$
PASS - Area of reinforcement provided exceeds minimum
$\mathrm{s}_{\max }=\min (2 \times \mathrm{h}, 18 \mathrm{in})=\mathbf{1 8}$ in
PASS - Maximum permissible reinforcement spacing exceeds actual spacing
$F_{u z}=\gamma_{D} \times \mathrm{A} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\text {swt }}+\mathrm{F}_{\text {soil }}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dsur}}\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lsur}}+\gamma_{\mathrm{D}} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dz} 1}+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lz} 1}$ $=299.0 \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{ux}}=\gamma_{\mathrm{D}} \times\left(\mathrm{A} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\text {swt }}+\mathrm{F}_{\text {soil }}+\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dsur}}\right) \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} / 2\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lsur}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} / 2+\gamma_{\mathrm{D}}$ $\times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dz} 1} \times \mathrm{x}_{1}\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lz} 1} \times \mathrm{x}_{1}\right)=\mathbf{1 1 9 6 . 1} \mathrm{kip} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{uy}}=\gamma_{\mathrm{D}} \times\left(\mathrm{A} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\text {swt }}+\mathrm{F}_{\text {soil }}+\mathrm{F}_{\text {Dsur }}\right) \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} / 2\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lsur}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} / 2+\gamma_{\mathrm{D}}$
$\times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dz} 1} \times \mathrm{y}_{1}\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lz} 1} \times \mathrm{y}_{1}\right)=\mathbf{1 1 9 6 . 1} \mathrm{kip} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{d}=\mathrm{h}-\mathrm{c}_{\text {nom_b }}-\phi_{\mathrm{x} . \text { bot }} / 2=\mathbf{2 0 . 5 6 2}$ in
$\mathrm{a}=\mathrm{A}_{\text {sx.bot.prov }} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{y}} /\left(0.85 \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 9 9 3}$ in
$\beta_{1}=\mathbf{0 . 8 5}$
$\mathrm{c}=\mathrm{a} / \beta_{1}=1.168$ in
$\varepsilon_{\mathrm{t}}=0.003 \times \mathrm{d} / \mathrm{c}-0.003=\mathbf{0 . 0 4 9 8 2}$
$\varepsilon_{\text {min }}=\varepsilon_{\text {ty }}+0.003=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 5 0 0}$
PASS - Tensile strain exceeds minimum required

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Nominal moment capacity;
Flexural strength reduction factor;
Design moment capacity;

One-way shear design, $x$ direction
Ultimate shear force;
Depth to reinforcement;
Size effect factor (22.5.5.1.3);
Ratio of longitudinal reinforcement;
Shear strength reduction factor;
Nominal shear capacity (Eq. 22.5.5.1);

Design shear capacity;

Moment design, y direction, positive moment
Ultimate bending moment;
Tension reinforcement provided;
Area of tension reinforcement provided;
Minimum area of reinforcement (8.6.1.1);

Maximum spacing of reinforcement (8.7.2.2);

Depth to tension reinforcement;
Depth of compression block;
Neutral axis factor;
Depth to neutral axis;
Strain in tensile reinforcement;
Minimum tensile strain(8.3.3.1);

Nominal moment capacity;
Flexural strength reduction factor;
Design moment capacity;
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathrm{A}_{\text {sx.bot.prov }} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{y}} \times(\mathrm{d}-\mathrm{a} / 2)=\mathbf{5 4 1 . 7 8 7} \mathrm{kip} \_\mathrm{ft}$
$\phi_{\mathrm{f}}=\min \left(\max \left(0.65+0.25 \times\left(\varepsilon_{\mathrm{t}}-\varepsilon_{\mathrm{ty}}\right) /(0.003), 0.65\right), 0.9\right)=\mathbf{0 . 9 0 0}$
$\phi \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\phi_{\mathrm{f}} \times \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=487.608 \mathrm{kip} \_\mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{u} . \mathrm{x} . \max } / \phi \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathbf{0 . 3 5 6}$
PASS - Design moment capacity exceeds ultimate moment load
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{u} . \mathrm{X}}=\mathbf{5 2 . 9 1 8} \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v}}=\mathrm{h}-\mathrm{c}_{\text {nom_b }}-\phi_{\mathrm{x} . \text { bot }} / 2=\mathbf{2 0 . 5 6 2}$ in
$\lambda_{\mathrm{s}}=1$
$\rho_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{A}_{\text {sx.bot.prov }} /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} \square \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v}}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 2 7 4}$
$\phi_{\mathrm{v}}=\mathbf{0 . 7 5}$
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{n}}=\min \left(8 \times \lambda_{\mathrm{s}} \times \lambda \times\left(\rho_{\mathrm{w}}\right)^{1 / 3} \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}} \times 1 \mathrm{psi}\right) \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} \times \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v}}, 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}} \times 1 \mathrm{psi}\right)\right.$
$\left.\times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} \times \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v}}\right)=139.685 \mathrm{kips}$
$\phi \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{n}}=\phi_{\mathrm{v}} \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{n}}=104.764 \mathrm{kips}$
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{u} . \mathrm{X}} / \phi \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathbf{0 . 5 0 5}$
PASS - Design shear capacity exceeds ultimate shear load
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {u.y.max }}=\mathbf{1 7 3 . 6 7 9} \mathbf{k i p \_ f t}$
9 No. 7 bottom bars ( 11.1 inc c )
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {sy.bot.prov }}=5.4 \mathrm{in}^{2}$
$\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{s} . \min }=0.0018 \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{h}=4.147 \mathrm{in}^{2}$
PASS - Area of reinforcement provided exceeds minimum
$\mathrm{s}_{\max }=\min (2 \times \mathrm{h}, 18 \mathrm{in})=\mathbf{1 8}$ in
PASS - Maximum permissible reinforcement spacing exceeds actual spacing
$\mathrm{d}=\mathrm{h}-\mathrm{c}_{\text {nom_b }}-\phi_{\mathrm{x} . \text { bot }}-\phi_{\mathrm{y} . \mathrm{bot}} / 2=19.687$ in
$\mathrm{a}=\mathrm{A}_{\text {sy.bot.prov }} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{y}} /\left(0.85 \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}}^{\prime} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 9 9 3}$ in
$\beta_{1}=0.85$
$\mathrm{c}=\mathrm{a} / \beta_{1}=\mathbf{1 . 1 6 8}$ in
$\varepsilon_{\mathrm{t}}=0.003 \times \mathrm{d} / \mathrm{c}-0.003=\mathbf{0 . 0 4 7 5 7}$
$\varepsilon_{\text {min }}=\varepsilon_{\text {ty }}+0.003=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 5 0 0}$
PASS - Tensile strain exceeds minimum required
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathrm{A}_{\text {sy.bot.prov }} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{y}} \times(\mathrm{d}-\mathrm{a} / 2)=\mathbf{5 1 8 . 1 6 2} \mathrm{kip} \mathrm{ft}$
$\phi_{\mathrm{f}}=\min \left(\max \left(0.65+0.25 \times\left(\varepsilon_{\mathrm{t}}-\varepsilon_{\mathrm{ty}}\right) /(0.003), 0.65\right), 0.9\right)=\mathbf{0 . 9 0 0}$
$\phi \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\phi_{\mathrm{f}} \times \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=466.346 \mathrm{kip} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {u. . } \text {.max }} / \phi \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathbf{0 . 3 7 2}$
PASS - Design moment capacity exceeds ultimate moment load

One-way shear design, y direction
Ultimate shear force;
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{u} . \mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{5 2 . 9 1 8}$ kips

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Depth to reinforcement;
Size effect factor (22.5.5.1.3);
Ratio of longitudinal reinforcement;
Shear strength reduction factor;
Nominal shear capacity (Eq. 22.5.5.1);

Design shear capacity;

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v}}=\mathrm{h}-\mathrm{c}_{\text {nom_b }}-\phi_{\mathrm{x} . \text { bot }}-\phi_{\mathrm{y} . \text { bot }} / 2=\mathbf{1 9 . 6 8 7} \mathrm{in} \\
& \lambda_{\mathrm{s}}=\mathbf{1} \\
& \rho_{\mathrm{w}}=\mathrm{A}_{\text {sy.bot.prov }} /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v}}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 2 8 6} \\
& \phi_{\mathrm{v}}=\mathbf{0 . 7 5} \\
& \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{n}}=\min \left(8 \times \lambda_{\mathrm{s}} \times \lambda \times\left(\rho_{\mathrm{w}}\right)^{1 / 3} \times ل\left(\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}} \times 1 \mathrm{psi}\right) \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v}}, 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}} \times 1 \mathrm{psi}\right)\right. \\
& \left.\times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v}}\right)=\mathbf{1 3 5 . 6 9 4} \mathrm{kips} \\
& \phi \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{n}}=\phi_{\mathrm{v}} \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathbf{1 0 1 . 7 7} \mathrm{kips} \\
& \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{u} . \mathrm{y}} / \phi \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathbf{0 . 5 2 0} \\
& \quad \text { PASS - Design shear capacity exceeds ultimate shear load }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Two-way shear design at column 1

Depth to reinforcement;
Shear perimeter length (22.6.4);
Shear perimeter width (22.6.4);
Shear perimeter (22.6.4);
Shear area;
Surcharge loaded area;
Ultimate bearing pressure at center of shear area;
Ultimate shear load;

Ultimate shear stress from vertical load;
Column geometry factor (Table 22.6.5.2);
Column location factor (22.6.5.3);
Size effect factor (22.5.5.1.3);
Concrete shear strength (22.6.5.2);

Shear strength reduction factor;
Nominal shear stress capacity (Eq. 22.6.1.2);
Design shear stress capacity (8.5.1.1(d));
$\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v} 2}=\mathbf{2 0 . 1 2 5}$ in
$1_{\text {xp }}=\mathbf{3 6 . 1 2 5}$ in
$1_{\mathrm{yp}}=\mathbf{3 6 . 1 2 5}$ in
$\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{o}}=2 \times\left(\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{x} 1}+\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v} 2}\right)+2 \times\left(\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{y} 1}+\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v} 2}\right)=\mathbf{1 4 4 . 5 0 0}$ in
$\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{p}}=1_{\mathrm{x}, \text { perim }} \times 1_{\mathrm{y} \text {,perim }}=\mathbf{1 3 0 5 . 0 1 6}$ in $^{2}$
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {sur }}=\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{x} 1} \times \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{y} 1}=\mathbf{1 0 4 9 . 0 1 6}$ in $^{2}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\text {up.avg }}=4.672 \mathrm{ksf}$
$F_{\text {up }}=\gamma_{D} \times F_{D z 1}+\gamma_{L} \times F_{\text {Lz1 }}+\gamma_{D} \times A_{p} \times F_{\text {swt }}+\gamma_{D} \times A_{\text {sur }} \times F_{\text {soil }}+\gamma_{D} \times A_{\text {sur }} \times$
$\mathrm{F}_{\text {Dsur }}+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{A}_{\text {sur }} \times \mathrm{F}_{\text {Lsur }}-\mathrm{q}_{\text {up.avg }} \times \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{p}}=\mathbf{2 1 3 . 8 7 7}$ kips
$\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{ug}}=\max \left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{up}} /\left(\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{o}} \square \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v} 2}\right), 0 \mathrm{psi}\right)=\mathbf{7 3 . 5 4 6} \mathrm{psi}$
$\beta=1_{\mathrm{y} 1} / \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{x} 1}=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$
$\alpha_{\mathrm{s}}=40$
$\lambda_{\mathrm{s}}=1$
$\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{cpa}}=(2+4 / \beta) \times \lambda_{\mathrm{s}} \times \lambda \times V^{\left(\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}} \times 1 \mathrm{psi}\right)=\mathbf{3 7 9 . 4 7 3} \mathrm{psi}}$
$\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{cpb}}=\left(\alpha_{\mathrm{s}} \times \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{v} 2} / \mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{o}}+2\right) \times \lambda_{\mathrm{s}} \times \lambda \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}} \times 1 \mathrm{psi}\right)=\mathbf{4 7 8 . 8 2 8} \mathrm{psi}$
$\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{cpc}}=4 \times \lambda_{\mathrm{s}} \times \lambda \times \sqrt{ }\left(\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}} \times 1 \mathrm{psi}\right)=\mathbf{2 5 2 . 9 8 2} \mathrm{psi}$
$\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{cp}}=\min \left(\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{cpa}}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{cpb}}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{cpc}}\right)=\mathbf{2 5 2 . 9 8 2} \mathrm{psi}$
$\phi_{\mathrm{v}}=0.75$
$\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{cp}}=\mathbf{2 5 2 . 9 8 2} \mathrm{psi}$
$\phi \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{n}}=\phi_{\mathrm{v}} \times \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{n}}=189.737 \mathrm{psi}$
$\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{ug}} / \phi \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathbf{0 . 3 8 8}$
PASS - Design shear stress capacity exceeds ultimate shear stress load

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## 5. Sample Continuous Reinforced Concrete Strip Footing

## Footing Analysis

[In accordance with ACI318-19]
Summary results

| Description | Unit | Applied | Resisting | FoS | Result |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Uplift verification | kips | 6.9 |  |  | Pass |
| Description | Unit | Applied | Resisting | Utilization | Result |
| Soil bearing | ksf | 3.435 | 4 | 0.859 | Pass |
| Description | Unit | Provided | Required | Utilization | Result |
| Moment, positive, y-direction | kip_ft | 0.6 | 11.8 | 0.052 | Pass |
| Min.area of reinf, bot., y-direction | in $^{2}$ | 0.259 | 0.310 |  | Pass |
| Max.reinf.spacing, bot, y-direction | in | 18.0 | 12.0 |  | Pass |

## Strip footing details - considering a one meter strip

Length of footing;
Width of footing;
Footing area;
Depth of footing;
Depth of soil over footing;
Density of concrete;

## Wall no. 1 details

Width of wall;
position in y-axis;

## Soil Properties

Gross allowable bearing pressure; $\quad \mathrm{q}_{\text {allow_Gross }}=\mathbf{4} \mathrm{ksf}$;
Density of soil;
Angle of internal friction;
Design base friction angle;
Coefficient of base friction;
Self weight;
Soil weight;
$\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}=\mathbf{1} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{2} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{2} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
$\mathrm{h}=\mathbf{1 2}$ in
$\mathrm{h}_{\text {soil }}=\mathbf{3 . 5}$ in
$\gamma_{\text {conc }}=\mathbf{1 5 0 . 0} \mathbf{l b} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}$
$1_{\mathrm{y} 1}=\mathbf{1 2} \mathrm{in}$
$y_{1}=12$ in
$\gamma_{\text {soil }}=\mathbf{1 2 0 . 0} \mathbf{l b} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}$
$\phi_{\mathrm{b}}=\mathbf{3 0 . 0} \mathrm{deg}$
$\delta_{\mathrm{bb}}=\mathbf{3 0 . 0} \mathrm{deg}$
$\tan \left(\delta_{\mathrm{bb}}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 5 7 7}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\text {swt }}=\mathrm{h} \times \gamma_{\text {conc }}=\mathbf{1 5 0} \mathrm{psf}$
$\mathrm{F}_{\text {soil }}=\mathrm{h}_{\text {soil }} \times \gamma_{\text {soil }}=\mathbf{3 5} \mathrm{psf}$

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## Wall no. 1 loads per linear foot

Dead load in z;
Live load in z;
Snow load in z;

## Footing analysis for soil and stability

Load combinations per ASCE 7-10
1.0D (0.296)
$1.0 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{~L}(0.796)$
$1.0 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{Lr}(0.296)$
$1.0 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{~S}(0.546)$
$1.0 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{R}(0.296)$
$1.0 \mathrm{D}+0.75 \mathrm{~L}+0.75 \mathrm{Lr}(0.671)$
$1.0 \mathrm{D}+0.75 \mathrm{~L}+0.75 \mathrm{~S}(0.859)$
$1.0 \mathrm{D}+0.75 \mathrm{~L}+0.75 \mathrm{R}(0.671)$
Combination 7 results: $1.0 \mathrm{D}+\mathbf{0 . 7 5 L}+\mathbf{0 . 7 5 S}$

## Forces on footing per linear foot

Force in z-axis;

## Moments on footing per linear foot

Moment in y-axis, about y is 0 ;

## Uplift verification

Vertical force;
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}}=6.87 \mathrm{kips}$
PASS - Footing is not subject to uplift

## Stability against sliding

Resistance due to base friction;
$\mathrm{F}_{\text {RFriction }}=\max \left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}}, 0 \mathrm{kN}\right) \times \tan \left(\delta_{\mathrm{bb}}\right)=\mathbf{3 . 9 6 6} \mathrm{kips}$

## Bearing resistance

## Eccentricity of base reaction

Eccentricity of base reaction in y-axis;
$\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dy}}=\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{dy}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}}-\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} / 2=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 0}$ in
Strip base pressures
$\mathrm{q}_{1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}} \times\left(1-6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} \times 1 \mathrm{ft}\right)=\mathbf{3 . 4 3 5} \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{2}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{dz}} \times\left(1+6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{dy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} \times 1 \mathrm{ft}\right)=\mathbf{3 . 4 3 5} \mathrm{ksf}$
Minimum base pressure;
Maximum base pressure;
$\mathrm{q}_{\text {min }}=\min \left(\mathrm{q}_{1}, \mathrm{q}_{2}\right)=\mathbf{3 . 4 3 5} \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\max }=\max \left(\mathrm{q}_{1}, \mathrm{q}_{2}\right)=\mathbf{3 . 4 3 5} \mathrm{ksf}$
Allowable bearing capacity

Allowable bearing capacity;
$\mathrm{q}_{\text {allow }}=\mathrm{q}_{\text {allow_Gross }}=4 \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\max } / \mathrm{q}_{\text {allow }}=\mathbf{0 . 8 5 9}$

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PASS - Allowable bearing capacity exceeds design base pressure

## Footing Design

[In accordance with ACI318-19]

## Material details

Compressive strength of concrete;
Yield strength of reinforcement;
Compression-controlled strain limit (21.2.2);
Cover to top of footing;
Cover to side of footing;
Cover to bottom of footing;
Concrete type;
Concrete modification factor;
Wall type;

## Analysis and design of concrete footing

Load combinations per ASCE 7-10
1.4D (0.015)
$1.2 \mathrm{D}+1.6 \mathrm{~L}+0.5 \mathrm{Lr}(0.047)$
$1.2 \mathrm{D}+1.6 \mathrm{~L}+0.5 \mathrm{~S}(0.052)$
$1.2 \mathrm{D}+1.6 \mathrm{~L}+0.5 \mathrm{R}(0.047)$
$1.2 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{~L}+1.6 \mathrm{Lr}(0.034)$
$1.2 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{~L}+1.6 \mathrm{~S}(0.051)$
$1.2 \mathrm{D}+1.0 \mathrm{~L}+1.6 \mathrm{R}(0.034)$
Combination 3 results: $1.2 \mathrm{D}+1.6 \mathrm{~L}+\mathbf{0 . 5 S}$

## Forces on footing per linear foot

Ultimate force in z-axis;

## Moments on footing per linear foot

Ultimate moment in y -axis, about y is 0 ;

## Eccentricity of base reaction

Eccentricity of base reaction in y-axis;

## Strip base pressures

Minimum ultimate base pressure;
Maximum ultimate base pressure;
$\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{uy}}=\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{uy}} / \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{uz}}-\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} / 2=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 0}$ in
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}}{ }_{\mathrm{c}}=\mathbf{4 0 0 0} \mathrm{psi}$
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{y}}=\mathbf{6 0 0 0 0} \mathrm{psi}$
$\varepsilon_{\mathrm{ty}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 2 0 0}$

$\mathrm{c}_{\text {nom_s }}=\mathbf{3}$ in
$\mathrm{c}_{\text {nom_b }}=\mathbf{3}$ in
Normal weight
$\lambda=\mathbf{1 . 0 0}$
Concrete
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{uz}}=\gamma_{\mathrm{D}} \times \mathrm{A} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\text {swt }}+\mathrm{F}_{\text {soil }}\right)+\square_{\mathrm{D}} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dz} 1}+\square_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lz} 1}+\square_{\mathrm{S}} \times \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Sz1}}=\mathbf{1 0 . 2}$
kips
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{uy}}=\gamma_{\mathrm{D}} \times\left(\mathrm{A} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\text {swt }}+\mathrm{F}_{\text {soil }}\right) \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} / 2\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{D}} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Dz} 1} \times \mathrm{y}_{1}\right)+\gamma_{\mathrm{L}} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Lz} 1} \times \mathrm{y}_{1}\right)$ $+\gamma_{\mathrm{S}} \times\left(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{Sz} 1} \times \mathrm{y}_{1}\right)=\mathbf{1 0 . 2} \mathrm{kip} \mathrm{ft}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 1}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{uz}} \times\left(1-6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{uy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} \times 1 \mathrm{ft}\right)=\mathbf{5 . 1 2 2} \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 2}=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{uz}} \times\left(1+6 \times \mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{uy}} / \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}}\right) /\left(\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{y}} \times 1 \mathrm{ft}\right)=\mathbf{5 . 1 2 2} \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{umin}}=\min \left(\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 1}, \mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 2}\right)=\mathbf{5 . 1 2 2} \mathrm{ksf}$
$\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{umax}}=\max \left(\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 1}, \mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{u} 2}\right)=\mathbf{5 . 1 2 2} \mathrm{ksf}$

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Moment design, y direction, positive moment
Ultimate bending moment;
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {u.y.max }}=\mathbf{0 . 6 1 2}$ kip_ft
Tension reinforcement provided;
Area of tension reinforcement provided;
Minimum area of reinforcement (7.6.1.1);
No. 5 bars at $12.0 \mathrm{in} \mathrm{c/c}$ bottom
$\mathrm{A}_{\text {sy.bot.prov }}=\mathbf{0 . 3 1} \mathrm{in}^{2}$
$\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{s} . \min }=0.0018 \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}} \times \mathrm{h}=\mathbf{0 . 2 5 9} \mathrm{in}^{2}$
PASS - Area of reinforcement provided exceeds minimum
Maximum spacing of reinforcement (7.7.2.3);
$\mathrm{s}_{\max }=\min (3 \times \mathrm{h}, 18 \mathrm{in})=\mathbf{1 8}$ in
PASS - Maximum permissible reinforcement spacing exceeds actual spacing
Depth to tension reinforcement;
$\mathrm{d}=\mathrm{h}-\mathrm{c}_{\text {nom_b }}-\phi_{\text {y.bot }} / 2=\mathbf{8 . 6 8 8}$ in
$\mathrm{a}=\mathrm{A}_{\text {sy.bot.prov }} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{y}} /\left(0.85 \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}} \times \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{x}}\right)=\mathbf{0 . 4 5 6}$ in
Depth of compression block;
Neutral axis factor;
$\beta_{1}=\mathbf{0 . 8 5}$
Depth to neutral axis;
$\mathrm{c}=\mathrm{a} / \beta_{1}=\mathbf{0 . 5 3 6}$ in
$\varepsilon_{\mathrm{t}}=0.003 \times \mathrm{d} / \mathrm{c}-0.003=\mathbf{0 . 0 4 5 5 9}$
$\varepsilon_{\text {min }}=\varepsilon_{\text {ty }}+0.003=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 5 0 0}$

Nominal moment capacity;
Flexural strength reduction factor;
Design moment capacity;

> PASS - Tensile strain exceeds minimum required
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathrm{A}_{\text {sy.bot.prov }} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{y}} \times(\mathrm{d}-\mathrm{a} / 2)=\mathbf{1 3 . 1 1 2}$ kip_ft
$\phi_{\mathrm{f}}=\min \left(\max \left(0.65+0.25 \times\left(\varepsilon_{\mathrm{t}}-\varepsilon_{\mathrm{ty}}\right) /(0.003), 0.65\right), 0.9\right)=\mathbf{0 . 9 0 0}$
$\phi \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\phi_{\mathrm{f}} \times \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathbf{1 1 . 8 0 1}$ kip_ft
$\mathrm{M}_{\text {u. . } \text { max }} / \phi \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}=\mathbf{0 . 0 5 2}$
PASS - Design moment capacity exceeds ultimate moment load

## One-way shear design, y direction

One-way shear design does not apply. Shear failure plane fall outside extents of foundation.

